CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PREPARED BY:

Finance Director

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS	
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	<u>Page</u>
Letter of Transmittal	i – iv
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	
Organizational Chart	v
List of Principal Officials	vi
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 – 3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS	4 – 13
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	14 and 15
Statement of Activities	16 and 17
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the	
Government-wide Statement of Net Position	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
In Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Budget and Actual – Fire Protection Fund	23
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	25
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	26 and 27
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Fund	28
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position- Custodial Fund	29
Notes to the Financial Statements	30 – 62
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios	63
Sahadula of City Contributions	CA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED) Page FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED) SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds.......65 and 66 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds......67 and 68 Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -**Budget and Actual** Confiscated Assets 69 Hotel/Motel Tax 70 CHIP.......71 Creekwood 2019 CDBG 74 **Component Unit Perry Industrial Building Authority** Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance 79 Schedule of Expenditures of 2018 Special Purpose

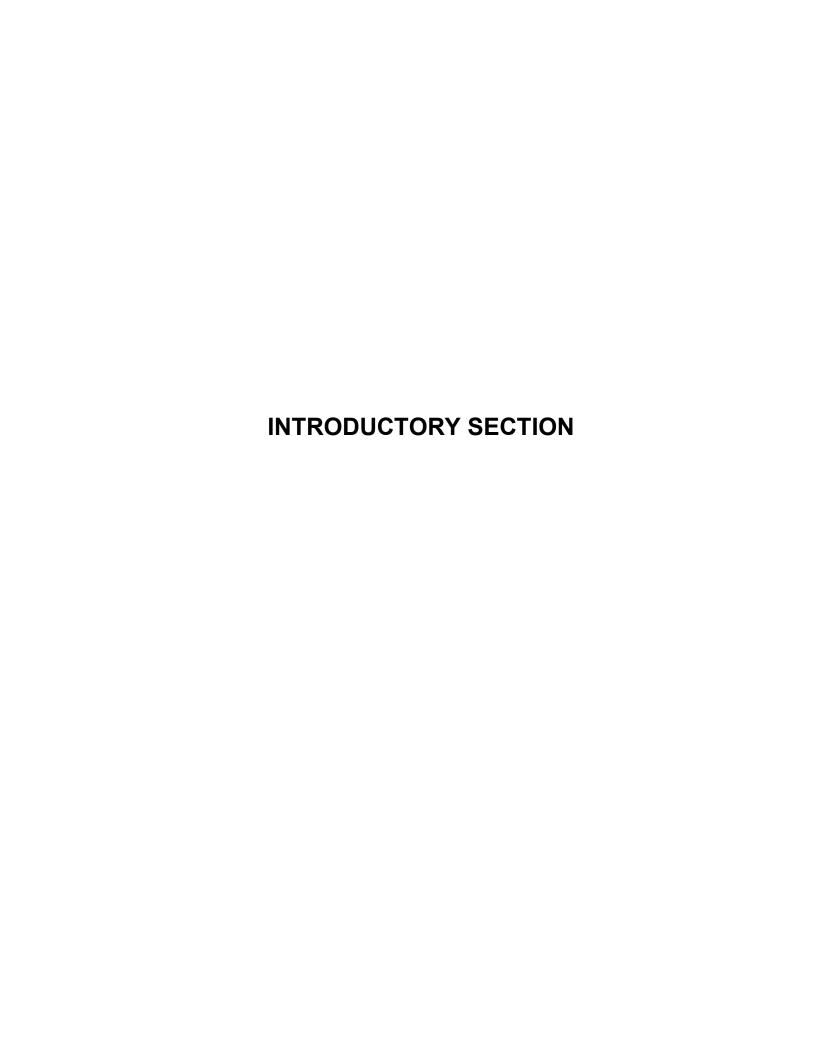
ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

	<u>Page</u>
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Financial Trends	
Net Position by Component	81
Changes in Net Position82	– 84
Program Revenues by Function/Program	85
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	86
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds87 and	
Revenue Capacity	
Tax Revenues by Source – Governmental Funds	89
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	90
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	91
Principal Property Taxpayers	92
Property Tax Levies and Collections	93
Taxable Sales by Category	94
Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates	95
Debt Capacity	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	96
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	97
Legal Debt Margin Information	98
Pledged-Revenue Coverage	99
Demographic and Economic Information	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	100
Principal Employers	101
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program102 and	103
Operating Information	
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	104
Capital Asset Statistics by Function Program	105

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)	Dama
COMPLIANCE SECTION	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial	
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an	
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	106 and 107
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and	
on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	108 – 110
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	112
Schedule of Findings and Responses	113 and 114
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings	115





December 30, 2021

The Honorable Mayor, Members of the Governing Council and Citizens of the City of Perry

In accordance with state statues and local charter provisions, we hereby submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") of the City of Perry (the "City") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Since the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Mauldin & Jenkins, Certified Public Accountants, LLC, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The Independent Auditor's Report is located in the front of the financial section of this report. In addition to the audit of the financial records, the City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, and the U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit organizations. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City did expend more than \$750,000 in federal funds; therefore, a single audit was completed.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement and should be read in conjunction with the MD&A. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

Profile of the Government

Founded in 1824, the City of Perry is located in Houston County in the heart of Middle Georgia. The historic community currently encompasses 26.64 square miles along Interstate 75 approximately 90 miles south of Atlanta. The City has been able to capitalize on proximity to Robins Air Force Base, excellent schools, unique downtown, high quality of life, and location in transforming from a small town to a vibrant and growing community. As a hub of state and federal highways, home of the award-winning Georgia National Fairgrounds and Agricenter and with events like the Dogwood Festival, Perry Music Festival, Food Truck Friday, and the annual Perry Buzzard Drop New Year's Eve bash, Perry is "Where Georgia Comes Together".

The City, the county seat for Houston County, serves a population of 20,624, as estimated by management, and offers a variety of municipal services including police and fire protection, maintenance of streets, parks and recreational activities, judicial services, community development, general administration, water, sewer and natural gas utility services, solid waste services and stormwater utility services. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. It is also empowered by state statue to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which it has done from time to time.

The City operates under the council-manager form of government. This organizational plan places legislative responsibility for municipal government with the City Council and gives administrative authority to the City Manager. The Council, which consists of the mayor and six Council members, levies taxes, enacts ordinances, adopts the annual budget and performs other legislative functions. The Mayor and Council are elected on a staggered non-partisan basis for a term of four years. The mayor is elected City-Wide. For the purpose of electing Council members, the City is divided into three districts, which consists of two posts each. The members representing each Council district shall be elected only by the voters residing in that district and not at large. Upon the recommendation of the Mayor, the City Council appoints a City Manager to manage the government through the development, implementation, and execution of programs and policies established by the Council.

The financial reporting entity of the City includes all the funds for which the City's elected officials are financially accountable, including its component units. Component units presented are the Perry Area Convention and Visitors Bureau Authority, which promotes tourism for the area; the Downtown Development Authority, which supports economic revitalization of the downtown district; Perry Industrial Building Authority and Perry Public Facilities Authority, which promotes new and existing industry, or expansion of in-city infrastructure needs.

Upon the recommendation of the City Manager and no later than the close of the fiscal year, the City Council adopts the budget for the upcoming fiscal year. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial plan and assists in the control of the financial stability and health of the government. The budget is prepared by fund, function and department and is closely monitored throughout the year. As conditions change or circumstances are altered, the budget process allows for amendments.

Local Economy

As the City continues to grow, so does the economy. With a healthy business mix, advantageous location, vibrant downtown core, quality workforce, and burgeoning market, Perry continues to be a viable and competitive business location despite the continuance of the COVID-19 pandemic. According to current business license data, the City has over 648 businesses that account for the employment of over 5,000 persons. Robins Air Force Base, located in nearby Warner Robins, employs about 23,000 civilians, military members and contractors; and has approximately \$3.15 billion annual economic impact, is the principal economic driver for not only the City, but the Middle Georgia region. The City's largest economic sectors continue to be the service and retail industries.

The City is doing all it can to be as business-friendly as possible. In 2021, the City was able to ensure that there would be no increase in the property tax millage rate of 14.05 in the City. The City has a number of programs available for business owners.

As one of the 35 Rural Zone Communities in Georgia, the City has assisted numerous local businesses obtain over one million dollars in business tax credits under the Georgia Department of Community Affairs Rural Zone Program. The Rural Zone Program offers tax credits to eligible businesses for job creation, investment and building rehabilitation. During these unprecedented times, 17 businesses were certified for the rural zone tax credits for the year ended June 30, 2021. Job creation of these businesses totaled 90 full time equivalent positions within the Rural Zone district and more than 5 million was spent by private property owners in purchase and rehabilitation of properties.

Overall, Perry's business community continues to strive, the COVID-19 shutdown did not adversely affect many companies. Middle Georgia and the City reopened before the close of 2021, which allowed business to rebound stronger than they were pre COVID-19 levels. Furthermore, City staff worked directly with companies and the Perry Area Chamber of Commerce to utilize social media to educate businesses on assistance programs and engagement to support local. The City of Perry Main Street program also implemented a resiliency grant program to further support the downtown businesses.

In FY 2021, the City's operating indicators continued to illustrate strong growth. The City issued 529 new single family residential and commercial structure permits with an estimated valuation of \$129,238,293 while also adding 1,518 water service connections and 415 sewer service connections.

In 2021, tourism continues to be a major economic sector for the City of Perry with the City, Discover Perry, Perry Music Festival, Food Truck Fridays, Perry Area Chamber of Commerce Dogwood Festival, and the rest of our community partners focused on leveraging and marketing our unique assets to take advantage of the \$68.96 billion statewide industry. The Georgia National Fairgrounds and Agricenter ("GNFA") was able to host events and visitors again as COVID-19 restrictions were eased. Additionally, the City continued to explore ways to bring people to the City with community events such as the Workout in the Park Series, where participants join in on a free and relaxing yoga session; Art in the Park, a free outdoor live arts festival; and participation in National Trails Day.

Long-term Financial Planning

The City met or took into consideration the following fiscal challenges in developing the 2022 budget:

- No millage rate increase for the eighth consecutive year
- Increase the defined contribution retirement rate from 3% to 4%
- Increase funding for health and dental insurance charges
- No residential fee rate increases for the following fees:
 - o Fire Protection Fee
 - Solid Waste Collection
 - o Stormwater Management Fee
- 2% increase in the Water and Waste Water Fees

Major Initiatives

Led by the Mayor and Council's directions, several tasks were undertaken this fiscal year 2021, which included:

- Finalization of construction of Tucker Road Water Treatment Facility and well
- Installation of professional Audio/Visual equipment at the Perry Events Center
- Purchase of a virtual reality training simulator for the Police Department
- Construction of an inert waste transfer station for the Solid Waste Department
- Annexing 52.56 acres
- Purchase and Demolition of the former Stanley Furniture property
- Extension of water and sewer services along Thompson Road
- Extension of water and sewer services along Perry Parkway
- Stormwater Drainage improvements in the Creekwood neighborhood
- Stormwater Drainage improvements in Rozar Park
- Design and purchase of land for the Bear Branch Sewer Expansion

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the professional, efficient, and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department and Mauldin & Jenkins, Certified Public Accountants, LLC. We express appreciation to all staff members who contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and City Council for their support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

R. Lee Gilmour

City Manager

Mitchell Worthington

M. Weston

Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Perry Georgia

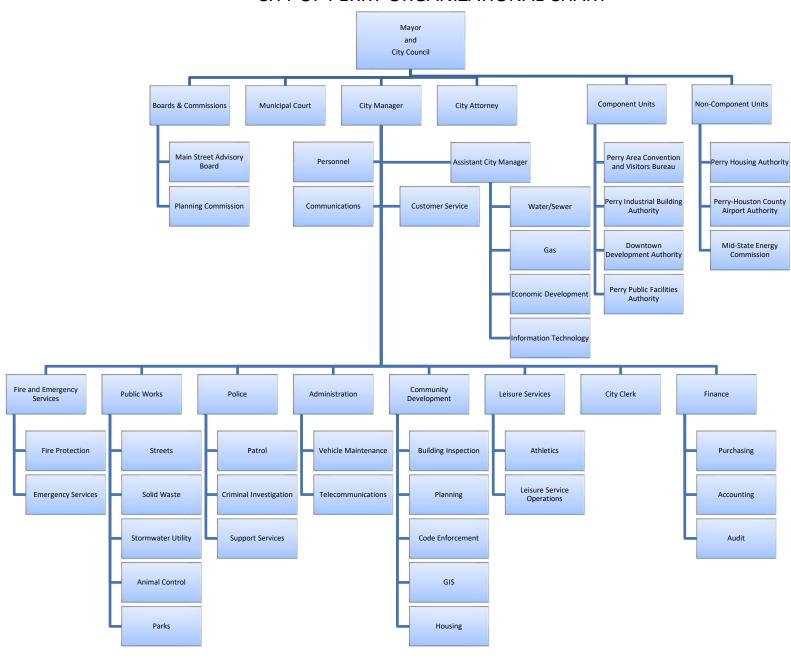
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF PERRY ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Mayor Randall Walker

Mayor Pro-Tempore Robert Jones

Council Members

District 1

Post 1 Phyllis A. Bynum-Grace

Post 2 Willie J. King

District 2

Post 1 Robert Jones
Post 2 Joy Peterson

District 3

Post 1 Darryl Albritton
Post 2 Riley Hunt

City Manager R. Lee Gilmour

City Attorney Brooke Newby

Assistant City Manager Robert Smith

Director of Administration Brenda L. King

Director of Community Development Brian Wood

Director of Leisure Services Sedrick Swan

Finance Director Mitchell Worthington

Fire Chief Z. Lee Parker

Police Chief Stephen D. Lynn

Public Works Superintendent Ansley Fitzner





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council The City of Perry, Georgia Perry, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Perry, Georgia** (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Fire Protection Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages 4 through 13) and the Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios and the Schedule of City Contributions (on pages 63 and 64) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax proceeds is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated §48-8-121, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations ("CFR") Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is also presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements and schedules, the Schedule of Expenditures of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax proceeds and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements and Schedules, the Schedule of Expenditures of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax proceeds and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia
December 30, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the City of Perry, Georgia's (the "City") Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") provides an overall narrative and analysis of the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This MD&A is designed to look at the City's financial performance as a whole. Readers should review the information presented in conjunction with information provided in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of 2021 by \$98,974,469 (net position). Of this amount, \$15,410,330 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- During the year ended June 30, 2021, the City's net position increased by \$3,435,585.
- As of June 30, 2021, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$21,324,457, an increase of \$11,043,173 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$6,297,198, or 31.6% of total general fund expenditures.
- During fiscal year 2021, the City's net book value of capital assets increased by approximately \$56,743.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future periods (e.g., deferred taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the *government-wide financial statements* distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that intend to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, recreation and housing and development. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewerage, stormwater utility, natural gas distribution, solid waste operation and a revolving loan fund.

The *government-wide financial statements* include not only the City of Perry itself (known as the primary government), but also entities for which the City is financially accountable. These component units are the Perry Area Convention and Visitors Bureau, the Downtown Development Authority, Perry Industrial Building Authority and the Perry Public Facilities Authority. Their financial information is reported separately from that of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 through 17 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 16 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the SPLOST 2018, Perry Public Facilities Authority Capital Projects Fund, and the Fire Protection Fund. Data from the other eleven governmental funds is presented in a total column termed as "other governmental funds." Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules elsewhere in this report.

The City adopted an annual appropriated budget for all of its funds except the fiduciary funds, which are not budgeted, and the capital project funds, of which project length budgets are adopted. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and the Fire Protection Fund to demonstrate compliance with its budget.

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 23 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the water and sewerage, natural gas distribution, stormwater utility, solid waste operation and a revolving loan fund.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewerage, natural gas distribution operations, stormwater utility and solid waste operation which are considered to be major funds of the City. The revolving loan fund is a nonmajor fund.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24 through 27 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 28 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes can be found on pages 29 through 61 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's retirement system Net Pension Liability (Asset) and City Contributions. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 62 and 63 of this report.

The combining statements and individual fund schedules referred to earlier are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Combining statements and individual fund schedules can be found on pages 63 through 68 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's combined net position (government and business-type activities) exceeded liabilities by \$98,983,916 at June 30, 2021.

The following table provides a summary of the City's net position for fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

		City of Perry - I	let Position					
	Governmen	tal Activities	Busine ss-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Assets								
Current and Other Assets	\$ 24, 188, 598	\$ 12,613,111	\$ 10,262,311	\$ 10,848,055	\$ 34,450,909	\$ 23,459,16		
Capital Assets	53, 654, 451	54,761,305	56,480,213	55,316,616	110,134,664	110,077,92		
	77,843,049	67,374,416	66,742,524	66,162,671	144,585,573	133,537,08		
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Pension	22,844	28,166	-	-	22,844	28,16		
Deferred charge on refunding	-	-	441,627	508,280	441,627	508,28		
	22,844	28,166	441,627	506,280	464,471	534,44		
iabilities								
Current and Other Liabilities	2,670,786	2,307,612	1,833,090	3,226,167	4,503,876	5,533,77		
Long-Term Liabilities	20, 196, 583	11,862,684	21,228,731	21,027,590	41,425,314	32,890,27		
	22,867,369	14,170,296	23,061,821	24,253,757	45,929,190	38, 424,05		
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Pension	146,385	108,596	-	-	146, 385	108,59		
	146,385	108,596	-	-	146, 385	108,59		
let Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	44, 655, 383	46,690,172	34,449,732	34,084,726	79,105,115	80,774,89		
Capital Outlay	2,328,214	1,227,105	-	-	2,328,214	1,227,10		
Debt Service		-	1,694,892	1,693,591	1,694,892	1,693,59		
Res tricted	341,090	590,532	94,828	94,447	435,918	684,97		
Unrestricted	7,527,452	4,615,881	7,882,878	6,542,430	15,410,330	11, 158,31		
	\$ 54,852,139	\$ 53,123,690	\$ 44,122,330	\$ 42,415,194	\$ 98,974,469	\$ 95,538,88		

The City's net investment in capital assets (i.e., land, infrastructure, buildings, machinery and equipment) less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets comprise 79.9%, or \$79,105,115, of the City's total net position. Net investments in capital assets for governmental activities decreased by \$2,034,789 and business-type government activities increased by \$365,006 in fiscal year 2021. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt are expected to be provided from other sources, since there are no plans to liquidate these assets.

An additional portion of the City's net position (4.5% or \$4,459,024) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance (15.6% or \$15,410,330) of the City's net position is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

During the current fiscal year, the City's combined net position increased by \$3,435,585. Governmental activities net position increased by \$1,728,449 in fiscal year 2021, whereas the net position of the business-type activities increased \$1,707,136.

The following table summarizes changes in net position for the governmental and business-type activities:

	City	of Perry - Change	s in Net Position					
	Governmen	tal Activities	Busine ss-Typ	pe Activities	Total			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Revenues								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 10,213,619	\$ 8,587,254	\$ 17,992,303	\$ 15,725,697	\$ 28,205,922	\$ 24,292,95		
Operating Grants and Contributions	566,294	694,194		-	566,294	694,19		
Capital Grants and Contributions General Revenues:	3,337,817	2,204,085			3,337,817	2,204,08		
Property Taxes	9, 257, 578	8, 204, 588			9,257,578	8,204,58		
Hotel/Motel Taxes	1,106,887	895,601			1,106,887	895,60		
Franchis e Taxes	1,427,527	1,449,821			1,427,527	1,449,82		
Alcoholic Beverage Taxes	333,247	315,778			333,247	315,778		
Insurance Premium Taxes	1,103,239	1,050,279		2.5	1,103,239	1,050,27		
Occupational Taxes	236,563	215,472		-	236,563	215,47		
Restricted Investment Earnings	-	-	431	1,116	431	1,116		
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	15,673	58,865	(15,370)	17,142	303	78,007		
	27,598,444	23,655,937	17,977,364	15,743,955	45,575,808	39,399,89		
Expenses								
General Government	9,779,265	8,696,197			9,779,265	8,696,197		
Public Safety	10, 333, 290	10, 184, 999	-		10,333,290	10,184,998		
Public Works	3,662,628	2,746,054			3,662,628	2,748,05		
Recreation	503,166	816,582			503,166	816,582		
Health and Welfare	4,483	4,167			4,483	4,16		
Housing and Development	618,917	923,673			618,917	923,673		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	478,402	439,063			478,402	439,060		
Is suance Cost	270,871	-		-	270,871	3		
Water and Sewerage System		-	8,434,741	7,814,048	8,434,741	7,814,04		
Stormwater Utility			749,552	687,831	749,552	687,83		
Gas System			4,877,878	3,999,382	4,877,878	3,999,382		
Solid Waste		-	2,426,980	2,238,358	2,426,980	2,238,350		
Revolving Loan Fund			50	1,168	50	1,160		
And the second second	25,651,022	23,810,735	16,489,201	14,738,781	42,140,223	38,549,516		
Increase in Net Position,								
before transfers	1,947,422	(154,798)	1,488,163	1,005,174	3,435,585	850,376		
Trans fers	(218,973)	207,321	218,973	(207,321)		34		
	(218,973)	207,321	218,973	(207,321)	1			
Change in Net Position	1,728,449	52,523	1,707,136	797,853	3,435,585	850,376		
Net Position - Beginning of year	53, 123, 690	53,071,167	42,415,194	41,617,341	95,538,884	94,688,500		
Net Position - End of year	\$ 54,852,139	\$ 53,123,690	\$ 44,122,330	\$ 42,415,194	\$ 98,974,469	\$ 95,538,884		

Governmental Activities

For 2021, governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$1,728,449. Both revenues and expenses increased for the year when compared with 2020. Revenues increased as a result of an increase in general government charges for services (\$1,646,365), capital grants and contributions (\$1,133,732), property taxes (\$1,052,990), Hotel/Motel taxes (\$211,286), alcoholic beverage taxes (\$17,469), insurance premium taxes (\$52,960) and occupational taxes (\$21,091). Total expenses increased in the following areas: general government (\$1,083,068), public safety (\$148,291), public works (\$876,574), interest on long-term debt (\$39,339), and issuance costs (\$270,871). The major contributing factors to the increase in expenditures were several new positions in the general government and public works departments.

Business-Type Activities

The business-type activities followed the same pattern as the previous year and increased the City's net position by \$1,707,136. In 2021, there was an increase in charges for services, particularly the water and sewerage system, Gas System, and Solid Waste Funds as these funds all experienced increases in customers and the rates were adjusted for operating and capital needs. All proprietary funds ended the year with positive net positions.

Financial Analysis of the City's Major Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental fund financial statements is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2021, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$21,321,457, an increase of \$11,043,173 from the prior year. Approximately 30.8% of the combined fund balances, (\$6,563,789) is classified as unassigned. The remaining amounts are classified as nonspendable (\$23,167), restricted (\$14,472,957) and assigned (\$32,579).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At June 30, 2021, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$6,297,198, while total fund balance was \$6,561,742. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 31.6% of total fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 32.9% of the same amount.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$2,333,126. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

Increases in the Property Tax & Charges for Services Revenues

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of proprietary funds ended on a positive note in the amount of \$7,882,878. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget appropriations, including transfers, and the final amended budget appropriation reflects an increase in actual revenues collected for Property Tax and Insurance Premium taxes as well as an increase in expenses for the operation of new city parks. The amended budget also reflects an increase in employee Health/Dental insurance costs and the increased debt service associated with PPFA Revenue Bonds.

Capital Assets

The City's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021, total \$110,134,664 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, construction in progress, infrastructure, machinery and equipment, structures, equipment and lines, and furniture and fixtures.

The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current period was \$56,743. Detailed information regarding the capital asset activity for 2021 can be found on pages 42 and 43 of this report.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Various governmental capital asset projects, including land purchases, with a total value of \$1,435,322 were completed or acquired during the year. The total value of governmental capital assets of all types under construction at year-end was \$4,852,869. Machinery and other rolling stock valued at \$513,414 was placed into service during the year. Major projects consisted of Rozar Park stormwater drainage improvements, a new roof for the Planning, Engineering, and Building Services building, and purchase of the former Stanley Furniture property.
- Various business-type capital asset projects with a total value of \$10,087,653 were completed or acquired during the year. The major contributor to this value is the completion of the Tucker Road Water Treatment

Facility and well. The total value of business-type capital assets of all types under construction at year-end was \$3,447,941.

The following table summarizes the City's governmental and business-type activity capital assets by major category as of the end of 2021 and 2020.

	City of Perry - Ca	apital Assets (Net	of Accumulated D	epreciation)			
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Land	\$ 10,913,964	\$ 10,913,992	\$ 418,836	\$ 417,495	\$ 11,332,800	\$ 11,331,487	
Land improvements	319,217	322,749	-	-	319, 217	322,749	
Buildings and improvements	6,097,717	6,354,919	-	-	6,097,717	6,354,919	
Infrastructure	30,104,882	31,322,550	-	-	30,104,882	31,322,550	
Machinery and equipment	1,359,890	1,851,742	-	-	1,359,890	1,851,742	
Furniture and fixtures	5,912	7,150	-	-	5,912	7,150	
Structures, equipment and lines		-	52,613,436	43,013,519	52,613,436	43,013,519	
Construction in progress	4,852,869	3,988,203	3,447,941	11,885,602	8,300,810	15,873,805	
	\$ 53,654,451	\$ 54,761,305	\$ 56,480,213	\$ 55,316,616	\$110,134,664	\$110,077,921	

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2021, the City had total debt outstanding of \$43,313,677 as compared to \$34,142,342 at the end of the prior year. This amount is comprised of \$29,451,646 in revenue bonds, \$10,897,797 in loans payable, and \$2,964,234 in capital lease agreements.

	(City of Perry - Out	tstanding Debt				
	Governmen	tal Activities	Busine ss-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Revenue Bonds	\$ 18,514,279	\$ 9,952,201	\$ 10,937,367	\$ 11,874,544	\$ 29,451,646	\$ 21,626,745	
Loans	-	-	10,897,797	9,508,118	10,897,797	9,508,118	
Capital Leases	2,327,290	2,451,971	636,944	555,508	2,964,234	3,007,479	
	\$ 20,841,569	\$ 12,404,172	\$ 22,472,108	\$ 21,738,170	\$ 43,313,677	\$ 34,142,342	

Debt issued in 2021 amounted to \$9,685,489 compared to \$595,570 in the previous year. A majority of this debt (\$8,778,786) is comprised of revenue bonds to provide funding for water, sewer, and stormwater system expansion as well as the purchase and renovation of the former Houston County Government Building to be used as the City Municipal Court Building. The remainder of this debt is comprised of capital leases used to purchase machinery and equipment for the public works, water and sewer, solid waste and public safety. The City finalized a low interest loan from the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority to fund the construction of a new water treatment plant and well during FY 2021. As of June 30, 2021, the City had drawn \$11,049,845 and closed the project. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2021 was \$10,897,797.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10% of real and personal property. The City has not issued any general obligation debt since 1970 and has had none outstanding since 1990. The amount of general obligation debt legally allowable for the City is \$62,093,132.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 on pages 45 through 49 of this report.

Economic Factors and Current Year Budget and Rates

Building permits issued for new starts and additions were 519 residential and 10 commercial structures.

As of June 30, 2021, the unemployment rate for Houston County was 3.9% compared to the State of Georgia rate of 4.0%. Management has estimated the service population for the City to be 20,624 at June 30, 2021, which is based on 2020 Census data.

The City is in the fortunate position to continue providing quality services to our citizens despite the continuation of the COVID-19 pandemic. With that in mind, the following factors were considered in preparation of the City's budget for 2022:

- No millage rate increase
- Increase the defined contribution retirement rate from 3% to 4%
- Increase funding for health and dental insurance charges
- No residential fee rate increases for the following fees:
 - o Fire Protection Fee
 - Solid Waste Collection
 - Stormwater Management Fee
- 2% increase in the Water and Waste Water Fees

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in our government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Perry Department of Administration, P.O. Box 2030, Perry, Georgia 31069.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

			Primary Government	
ASSETS		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18.502.279	\$ 4,843,571	\$ 23.345.850
Investments	•	2,176,890	1,836,474	4,013,364
Taxes receivable		165,292	-	165,292
Accounts receivable, net of allowances		518,748	1,564,947	2,083,695
Intergovernmental receivable		401,786	-	401,786
Other receivable		171,423	_	171,423
Internal balances		667,048	(667,048)	,
Inventories		2,634	(55. ,5.5)	2,634
Prepaid expenses		23,167	14,423	37.590
Net pension asset		1,559,331	11,120	1,559,331
Restricted assets:		1,000,001	_	1,000,001
Cash and cash equivalents			1,939,710	1,939,710
Loans receivable		_	13,532	13,532
		-	13,332	13,332
Investment in Jointly-Owned Natural			746 700	746 700
Gas Transmission Line		-	716,702	716,702
Capital assets:		45 700 000	0.000 ===	10 000 010
Nondepreciable		15,766,833	3,866,777	19,633,610
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		37,887,618	52,613,436	90,501,054
Total assets		77,843,049	66,742,524	144,585,573
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension contributions subsequent to				
measurement date		22,844	_	22,844
Deferred amount on refunding		22,044	441,627	441,627
Total deferred outflows of resources		22,844	441,627	464,471
Total deletted outflows of resources		22,044	441,027	404,471
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		751,168	279,866	1,031,034
Retainage payable		15,312	-	15,312
Accrued liabilities		641,270	215,152	856,422
Unearned revenues		-	-	-
Capital leases due within one year		719,945	205,213	925,158
Capital leases due in more than one year		1,607,345	431,731	2,039,076
Loans payable due within one year		-	461,925	461,925
Loans payable due in more than one year		_	10,435,872	10,435,872
Bonds payable due within one year		265,000	652,000	917,000
Bonds payable due in more than one year		18,249,279	10,285,367	28,534,646
Compensated absences due within one year		278,091	15,435	293,526
Compensated absences due in more than one year		339,959	16,867	356,826
Landfill post-closure care costs due in less		000,000	. 0,00.	000,020
than one year		_	3,500	3,500
Landfill post-closure care costs due in more			0,000	0,000
than one year		_	58,894	58,894
Total liabilities	-	22.867.369	23.061.822	45.929.191
	-	, ,		
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES				
Pension - net difference in projected and actual				
investment earnings		146,385		146,385
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		44,655,383	34,449,732	79,105,115
Restricted for:		++,000,000	J +,++ 3,1 J2	73,103,113
Capital outlay		2,601,195		2 601 105
Debt service		2,001,195	4 604 900	2,601,195
		-	1,694,892	1,694,892
Capital projects		- 004 504	94,828	94,828
Public safety purposes		264,504	-	264,504
Culture and beautification		76,586	-	76,586
Other purposes		-	-	-
Unrestricted		7,254,471	7,882,877	15,137,348
Total net position	\$	54,852,139	\$ 44,122,329	\$ 98,974,468

		Com	ponent Units Perry			
	Perry Area Convention and Visitors Bureau	Perry Industrial Building Authority				
\$	460,705	\$	74,447	\$	245,230	
	-		-			
	-		-			
	86,013		-			
	-		-			
	-		-			
	-		-			
	-		-			
	-		-			
	-		17,048			
	-		-			
	487,693		-			
	333,678		91,495		245,230	
	1,368,089		91,495	-	243,230	
	-		-			
	<u>-</u>			-		
	10,018		72			
	- 6,191		-			
	-		-			
	-		-			
	14,300		-			
	14,500		-			
	-		-			
	7.404		-			
	7,104 7,103		-			
	-		-			
			-			
	44,716		72			
_	_					
	821,096		-			
	-		-			
	-		-			
	-		-			
	-		-			
	-		2,500			
	502,277 1,323,373		88,923		245,230 245,230	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

					Progr	am Revenues			
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services	G	Operating rants and ntributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary government									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	9,779,265	\$	5,824,548	\$	-	\$	1,698,009	
Public safety		10,333,290		3,147,909		468,696		1,043,642	
Public works		3,662,628		326,796		-		596,166	
Recreation		503,166		87,156		19,247		-	
Health and welfare		4,483		-		-		-	
Housing and economic development		618,917		827,210		78,351		-	
Interest on long-term debt		478,402		-		-		-	
Issuance cost		270,871		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities		25,651,022		10,213,619		566,294		3,337,817	
Business-type activities:									
Water and sewerage system		8,434,741		8,956,098		-		-	
Stormwater utility fund		749,552		810,577		-		-	
Gas system		4,877,878		5,700,271		-		-	
Solid waste		2,426,980		2,525,357		-		-	
Revolving loan fund		50		-		-		-	
Total business-type activities		16,489,201		17,992,303		-		-	
Total primary government	\$	42,140,223	\$	28,205,922	\$	566,294	\$	3,337,817	
Component units:									
Perry Area Convention and Visitors Bureau	\$	370.489	\$	4.282	\$	397.444	\$	_	
Perry Downtown Development Authority	•	28,222	•	-,	•	37,136	·	_	
Perry Industrial Building Authority		,		_		-		_	
Total component units	\$	398.711	\$	4.282	\$	434.580	\$	_	
1		,		-,02		,	<u> </u>		

General revenues:

Property taxes

Franchise taxes

Insurance premium tax

Occupational taxes

Alcoholic beverage taxes

Hotel/Motel taxes

Restricted investment earnings

Net unrestricted investment earnings

Transfers

Total general revenue and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year Net position, end of year

	N		ses) Revenues a s in Net Position					Compo	nent Units			
G	overnmental Activities	Bus	siness-type Activities		Total	Con	erry Area evention and tors Bureau	Perry I Deve	Downtown elopment thority	Perry Industri Building Authority		
\$	(2,256,708) (5,673,043)	\$		\$	(2,256,708) (5,673,043)	\$	-	\$	-	\$		
	(2,739,666) (396,763)		-		(2,739,666) (396,763)		-		-			
	(4,483)		-		(4,483)		-		-			
	286,644 (478,402)		-		286,644 (478,402)		-		-			
	(270,871)		_		(270,871)		-		_			
	(11,533,292)				(11,533,292)							
	-		521,357		521,357		-		-			
	-		61,025 822,393		61,025 822,393		-		-			
	-		98,377		98,377		-		-			
	-		(50)		(50)		_		_			
	-		1,503,102		1,503,102		_		-			
	(11,533,292)		1,503,102		(10,030,190)							
							31,237		_			
							-		8,914			
							31,237		8,914	\$		
	9,257,578		-		9,257,578		-		-			
	1,427,527		-		1,427,527		-		-			
	1,103,239		-		1,103,239		-		-			
	236,563		-		236,563		-		-			
	333,247		-		333,247		-		-			
	1,106,887		431		1,106,887 431		-		-			
	- 15,673		(15,371)		302		63		94		6	
	(218,973)		218,973		302		-		3 4		C	
	13,261,741	-	204,033		13,465,774	-	63	-	94	-	6	
	1,728,449	-	1,707,135	-	3,435,584		31,300		9,008		6	
	53,123,690	-	42,415,194		95,538,884		1,292,073		82,415		244,6	
,	54,852,139	\$	44,122,329	\$	98,974,468	\$	1,323,373	\$	91,423	\$	245,2	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

400570		General Fund		Fire Protection Fund		SPLOST 2018 Fund	F	PPFA Capital Projects	_	Component Unit Perry Public Facilities Authority		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,001,737	\$	144,652	\$	1,551,191	\$	_	\$	11,842,501	\$	962,198	\$	18,502,279
Investments		2,176,890		-		-		-		-		-		2,176,890
Taxes receivable, net		30,830		-		-		-		-		134,462		165,292
Accounts receivable, net		27,938		182,086		308,724		-		-		-		518,748
Intergovernmental receivable		-		-		-				-		401,786		401,786
Due from other funds		885,665		238		267,801		44,326		-		297,671		1,495,701
Other receivables		171,423		-		-		-		-		-		171,423
Inventories		2,634		-		-		-		-		-		2,634
Prepaid expenditures	_	-		22,428		-		-	_	-		739		23,167
Total assets	\$	7,297,117	\$	349,404	\$	2,127,716	\$	44,326	\$	11,842,501	\$	1,796,856	\$	23,457,920
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES														
Accounts payable	\$	284,483	\$	2.611	\$	120,937	\$	50,716	\$	61,594	\$	230,827	\$	751,168
Retainage payable	*	201,100	٠	2,0	Ψ	.20,00.	•	-	•	-	Ψ.	15,312	•	15,312
Accrued liabilities		418.635		78,055		-		_		-		9,383		506,073
Deposits		17,702		-		_		_		_		-,		17,702
Due to other funds		-		118,269		1,460		-		38,848		670,076		828,653
Total liabilities		720,820		198,935		122,397	_	50,716	_	100,442		925,598	_	2,118,908
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES														
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	_	14,555		-			_	-	_	-	_	-	_	14,555
Total deferred inflows of resources		14,555	_	-		-		-	_	-			_	14,555
FUND BALANCES														
Nonspendable:														
Prepaid expenditures		-		22,428		-		-		-		739		23,167
Restricted for:														
Public safety		-		128,041		-		-		-		136,463		264,504
Culture and beautification		-		-		-		-		-		76,586		76,586
Capital outlay		-		-		2,005,319		-		11,742,059		657,470		14,404,848
Assigned:														
Self insurance		231,965		-		-				-		-		231,965
Culture and beautification		27,889		-		-		-		-		-		27,889
Administrative		4,690		-		-		-		-		-		4,690
Unassigned	_	6,297,198		-	_	-		(6,390)		-		-		6,290,808
Total fund balances		6,561,742		150,469		2,005,319	_	(6,390)	_	11,742,059	_	871,258	_	21,324,457
Total liabilities, deferred inflows														
of resource and fund balances	\$	7,297,117	\$	349,404	\$	2,127,716	\$	44,326	\$	11,842,501	\$	1,796,856	\$	23,457,920

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Total fund balances of governmental funds		\$ 21,324,457
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources; therefore,		
they are not reported in the respective governmental funds:		
Cost of capital assets	\$ 93,193,502	
Accumulated depreciation	 (39,539,051)	53,654,451
Certain long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures		
Unavailable revenue	\$ 14,555	
Net pension asset	 1,559,331	1,573,886
Deferred outflow of resources		
Pension contributions		22,844
Deferred inflow of resources		
Pension investment earnings		(146,385)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, they		
are not reported in governmental funds:		
Accrued interest	\$ (117,495)	
Compensated absences	(618,050)	
Bonds	(18,514,279)	
Capital leases	 (2,327,290)	 (21,577,114)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 54,852,139

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund	Fire Protection Fund	SPLOST 2018 Fund	PPFA Capital Projects	Perry Public Facilities Authority	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES				•				
Taxes:								
Property	\$ 9.257.927	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9.257.927	
Franchise	1,427,527	· -	· -	· _	· -	· -	1,427,527	
Insurance premium	1,103,239	-	-	_	-	-	1,103,239	
Occupational	236,563	-	-	_	-	-	236,563	
Alcoholic beverage	333,247	-	-	-	-	-	333,247	
Hotel/Motel		-	-	-	-	1,106,887	1,106,887	
Licenses and permits	952,567	-	-	-	-	-	952,567	
Intergovernmental	106,932	-	1,769,567	-	-	1,532,876	3,409,375	
Fines and forfeitures	500,227	-	_	_	-	15,534	515,761	
Fire protection fees	_	2,559,072	_	_	_	-	2,559,072	
Charges for services	5,281,103	_,,	_	_	_	-	5,281,103	
Contributions from private sources	19,247	-	_	_	_	-	19,247	
Investment earnings	7,408	227	1,253	_	6,007	778	15,673	
Miscellaneous	905,116		1,200	_	0,007	547,047	1,452,163	
Total revenues	20,131,103	2,559,299	1,770,820		6,007	3,203,122	27,670,351	
10.00.10.000	20,101,100	2,000,200	.,,,,,,	-	0,001	0,200,122	21,010,001	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	8,079,967	-	_	_	_	1,443,912	9,523,879	
Public safety	6,617,866	2,946,543	_	-	-	54,783	9,619,192	
Public works	2,764,420	-	_	-	-	-	2,764,420	
Recreation	633,634	-	_	-	-	-	633,634	
Housing and development	464,902	-	_	-	-	-	464,902	
Health and welfare	4,483	-	_	-	-	-	4,483	
Capital outlay	_	57,821	679,937	935,633	-	808,754	2,482,145	
Debt service:								
Principal	892,753	85,627	-	_	-	-	978,380	
Interest and other fees	462,890	17,564	_	_	_	-	480,454	
Issuance cost		-	_		270,871	-	270,871	
Total expenditures	19,920,915	3,107,555	679,937	935,633	270,871	2,307,449	27,222,360	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	210,188	(548,256)	1,090,883	(935,633)	(264,864)	895,673	447,991	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	1,746,853	299,055	-	1,021,487	-	336,987	3,404,382	
Transfers out	(239,271)	-	-	-	(1,021,487)	(1,015,992)	(2,276,750)	
Capital lease	590,291	43,137	-	-	-	30,271	663,699	
Proceeds from sale	25,065	-	-	-	-	-	25,065	
Bond proceeds	-	-	-	-	8,040,000	-	8,040,000	
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	738,786	-	738,786	
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,122,938	342,192	-	1,021,487	7,757,299	(648,734)	10,595,182	
Net change in fund balances	2,333,126	(206,064)	1,090,883	85,854	7,492,435	246,939	11,043,173	
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	4,228,616	356,533	914,436	(92,244)	4,249,624	624,319	10,281,284	
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 6,561,742	\$ 150,469	\$ 2,005,319	\$ (6,390)	\$ 11,742,059	\$ 871,258	\$ 21,324,457	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances of total governmental funds as noted in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.		\$ 11,043,173
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay	\$ 2,986,087	
Depreciation	 (2,573,633)	412,454
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations, transfers from enterprise funds) is to decrease net position.		(1,519,308)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.		
Deferred inflows of resources in the prior year Deferred inflows of resources in the current year	\$ (86,462) 14,555	(71,907)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but increases liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
Proceeds from capital lease obligations	\$ (663,699)	
Proceeds from revenue bonds	(8,778,786)	
Amortization of bond premium	26,708	(0.407.007)
Payment of capital leases payable and bonds payable	 978,380	(8,437,397)
The effect of changes in net pension assets and related deferred inflows and outflows of pension resources.		254,429
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Current year change in compensated absences	\$ 71,661	
Change in accrued interest	 (24,656)	 47,005
Net change in net position of governmental activities as noted in the statement of activities		\$ 1,728,449

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 8,815,400	\$ 9,257,900	\$ 9,257,927	\$ 27
Franchise	1,497,500	1,427,500	1,427,527	27
Insurance premium	1,093,700	1,103,200	1,103,239	39
Occupational	205,000	236,600	236,563	(37)
Alcoholic beverage	297,000	333,300	333,247	(53)
Licenses and permits	617,000	951,600	952,567	967
Intergovernmental	5,300	107,000	106,932	(68)
Fines and forfeitures	577,400	500,200	500,227	27
Charges for services	4,453,000	5,281,200	5,281,103	(97)
Contributions from private sources	4,700	19,000	19,247	247
Investment earnings	16,600	7,400	7,408	8
Miscellaneous	440,000	904,900	905,116	216
Total revenues				1,303
	18,022,600	20,129,800	20,131,103	1,303
EXPENDITURES Current				
General government:				
Mayor	53,700	40,000	39,843	157
City Council	107,900	142,800	142,747	53
City Attorney	226,100	226,100	226,031	69
	489,000	,		271
Municipal Court		492,800	492,529	
Administrative	3,852,700	4,565,000	4,564,430	570
City Manager	1,430,900	1,513,100	1,512,809	291
Community development	1,002,400	1,102,000	1,101,530	470
Elections	900	100	48	52
Total general government	7,163,600	8,081,900	8,079,967	1,933
Public safety	6,193,700	6,616,000	6,617,866	(1,866)
Public works	2,519,100	2,765,200	2,764,420	780
Recreation	524,300	628,100	633,634	(5,534)
Housing and development	387,800	465,300	464,902	398
Health and welfare	5,500	4,600	4,483	117
Debt service:				
Principal	685,100	893,100	892,753	347
Interest and other fees	76,800	463,200	462,890	310
Total expenditures	17,555,900	19,917,400	19,920,915	(3,515)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	466,700	212,400	210,188	(2,212)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	508,300	1,743,700	1,746,853	3,153
Transfers out	(106,700)	(239,400)	(239,271)	129
Capital leases	-	590,200	590,291	91
Sale of capital assets	_	25,000	25,065	65
Total other financing sources, net	401,600	2,119,500	2,122,938	3,438
Net change in fund balances	868,300	2,331,900	2,333,126	1,226
Fund balances, beginning of year	4,228,616	4,228,616	4,228,616	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 5,096,916	\$ 6,560,516	\$ 6,561,742	\$ 1,226
	+ 0,000,010	+ 3,000,010	+ 3,001,172	Ψ 1,220

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FIRE PROTECTION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance	
REVENUES	 			
Fire protection fees	\$ 2,558,900	\$	2,559,072	\$ 172
Interest	 200		227	 27
Total revenues	 2,559,100		2,559,299	 199
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public safety	2,995,800		2,946,543	49,257
Capital outlay	9,000		57,821	(48,821)
Debt service:				
Principal	85,700		85,627	73
Interest	 17,600		17,564	 36
Total expenditures	 3,108,100		3,107,555	 545
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (549,000)		(548,256)	 744
Other financing sources				
Transfers in	299,100		299,055	(45)
Capital leases	 43,100		43,137	 37
Total other financing sources	 342,200		342,192	 (8)
Net change in fund balance	 (206,800)		(206,064)	 736
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	 356,533		356,533	 -
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 149,733	\$	150,469	\$ 736

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Water and Sewerage System	Stormwater Utility Fund	Gas System	Solid Waste	Nonmajor Revolving Loan Fund	Totals
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,826,415	\$ 331,132	\$ 1,165,065	\$ 520,959	\$ -	\$ 4,843,571
Investments	1,302,603	-	533,871	-	-	1,836,474
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	867,107	92,055	317,402	288,383	- 11 100	1,564,947
Loans receivable, current portion Due from other funds	14,300	-	-	-	11,183	11,183 14,300
Prepaid expenses	3,082	3,104	1,166	7,071	-	
Frepaid experises	3,062	3,104	1,100	7,071	· 	14,423
Total current assets	5,013,507	426,291	2,017,504	816,413	11,183	8,284,898
NON-CURRENT ASSETS						
Restricted assets, cash	1,704,454	-	2,921	149,923	82,412	1,939,710
Loans receivable	-	-	-	-	2,349	2,349
Investment in Jointly-Owned Natural Gas						
Transmission Line	-	-	716,702	-	-	716,702
Capital assets:						
Land and easements	240,805	25,971	62,165	89,895	-	418,836
Structures, equipment and lines	78,551,570	1,027,250	4,056,353	566,719	-	84,201,892
Construction in progress	2,013,834	512,518	840,111	81,478	-	3,447,941
Less: accumulated depreciation	(28,455,763)	(408,459)	(2,381,840)	(342,394)	-	(31,588,456)
Total non-current assets	54,054,900	1,157,280	3,296,412	545,621	84,761	59,138,974
Total assets	59,068,407	1,583,571	5,313,916	1,362,034	95,944	67,423,872
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred amount on refunding	441,627	_	-	-	-	441,627
Total deferred outflows of resources	441,627					441,627
LIABILITIES	441,021		· 	· 	· 	441,027
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	133,497	835	27,081	118,453	_	279,866
Salaries payable	-	8,073	-	16,972	-	25,045
Accrued interest payable	144,672	1,832	81	939	-	147,524
Due to other funds	48,466	89,021	430,325	112,420	1,116	681,348
Compensated absences	-	7,037	-	8,398	-	15,435
Customer deposits payable	38,904	-	3,679	-	-	42,583
Landfill post-closure care costs	-	-	-	3,500	-	3,500
Revenue bonds payable, current portion	652,000	-	-	-	-	652,000
Notes payable, current portion	461,925	-	-	-	-	461,925
Capital leases, current portion	44,706	90,644	12,046	57,817	·	205,213
Total current liabilities	1,524,170	197,442	473,212	318,499	1,116	2,514,439
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Compensated absences, net of current portion	-	9,330	-	7,537	-	16,867
Revenue bonds	10,285,367	-	-	-	-	10,285,367
Loans payable	10,435,872	-	-	-	-	10,435,872
Capital leases	53,871	103,578	17,367	256,915	-	431,731
Landfill post-closure care costs				58,894		58,894
Total non-current liabilities	20,775,110	112,908	17,367	323,346	· <u>-</u>	21,228,731
Total liabilities	22,299,280	310,350	490,579	641,845	1,116	23,743,170
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	30,858,332	963,058	2,547,376	80,966	_	34,449,732
Restricted for debt service	1,694,892	-	_,0,0.0	-	_	1,694,892
Restricted for loans receivable	-,,	_	-	-	94,828	94,828
Unrestricted	4,657,530	310,163	2,275,961	639,223		7,882,877
Total net position	\$ 37,210,754	\$ 1,273,221	\$ 4,823,337	\$ 720,189	\$ 94,828	\$ 44,122,329
	Ψ 07,210,70 1	,270,221	,020,007	- 120,100	- 0-1,020	+, 122,020

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Water and Sewerage System	ormwater Utility Fund		Gas System	Solid Waste	Nonmajor Revolving Loan Fund			Totals
OPERATING REVENUES										
Charges for services	\$	8,945,937	\$ 810,577	\$	5,694,445	\$ 2,525,357	\$	-	\$	17,976,316
Miscellaneous		10,161	 		5,826	 -				15,987
Total operating revenues	_	8,956,098	810,577		5,700,271	 2,525,357				17,992,303
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Cost of sales and services		5,545,884	216,488		4,439,472	1,602,150		50		11,804,044
Salaries and benefits		23,533	289,675		-	522,334		-		835,542
Administration		832,857	152,200		348,010	226,800		-		1,559,867
Depreciation		1,589,465	85,376		89,506	69,994		-		1,834,341
Total operating expenses	_	7,991,739	743,739	_	4,876,988	2,421,278		50		16,033,794
Operating income (loss)		964,359	 66,838	_	823,283	 104,079		(50)		1,958,509
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Net loss from joint venture		-	-		(23,798)	-		-		(23,798)
Interest income - nonrestricted assets		6,105	115		1,855	352		-		8,427
Interest income - restricted assets		-	-		-	-		431		431
Interest expense		(443,002)	 (5,813)		(890)	 (5,702)		_		(455,407)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(436,897)	 (5,698)		(22,833)	 (5,350)	_	431	_	(470,347)
Income before capital contributions										
and transfers		527,462	 61,140		800,450	 98,729	_	381		1,488,162
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	_	871,752	 281,607		164,205	29,041				1,346,605
TRANSFERS										
Transfers out		(171,394)	_		(1,166,968)	_		_		(1,338,362)
Transfers in		-	210,730		-	-		_		210,730
Total transfers	_	(171,394)	210,730		(1,166,968)	-		-	_	(1,127,632)
Change in net position		1,227,820	 553,477	_	(202,313)	 127,770		381	_	1,707,135
NET POSITION, beginning of year		35,982,934	 719,744	_	5,025,650	 592,419		94,447		42,415,194
NET POSITION, end of year	\$	37,210,754	\$ 1,273,221	\$	4,823,337	\$ 720,189	\$	94,828	\$	44,122,329

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Water and Sewerage System	Stormwater Utility Fund	. <u></u>	Gas System		Solid Waste	_	Nonmajor Revolving Loan Fund		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 9,722,625	\$ 803,019	\$	5,633,009	\$	2,483,980	\$	-	\$	18,642,633
Payments to suppliers	(8,244,177)	(305,142)		(4,242,260)		(1,721,906)		(50)		(14,513,535)
Payments to employees	(23,533)	(293,879)		(348,010)		(530,816)		-		(1,196,238)
Net cash provided by (used in)										
operating activities	1,454,915	203,998	_	1,042,739	_	231,258		(50)	_	2,932,860
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Transfers in	-	210,730		-		-		-		210,730
Transfers out	(171,394)	-		(1,166,968)		-		-		(1,338,362)
Net cash provided by (used in)				<u>.</u>						
non-capital financing activities	(171,394)	210,730		(1,166,968)				-	_	(1,127,632)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Acquisition of capital assets	(1,242,232)	(189,066)		(47,474)		(172,561)		_		(1,651,333)
Payments on bonds	(639,000)	-		-		-		_		(639,000)
Principal paid on notes payable and capital leases	(201,563)	(65,419)		(13,351)		(33,282)		_		(313,615)
Proceeds from notes payable and capital leases	1,541,726	68,110		-		174,894		_		1,784,730
Interest paid	(358,506)	(5,630)		(929)		(5,142)		_		(370,207)
Net cash used in capital and		(2,222)		(2-2)	_	<u> </u>				(2 2, 2)
related financing activities	(899,575)	(192,005)	_	(61,754)	_	(36,091)	_		_	(1,189,425)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES										
Purchase of investments	(1,053)	_		(431)		-		_		(1,484)
Proceeds from revolving loans	(1,222)	_		-		_		13,580		13,580
Interest received	6,105	115		1,855		352		431		8,858
Net cash provided by					_					
investing activities	5,052	115		1,424		352		14,011		20,954
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	388,998	222,838		(184,559)		195,519		13,961		636,757
Cash and cash equivalents:										
Beginning of year	4,141,871	108,294	_	1,352,545		475,363		68,451		6,146,524
End of year	\$ 4,530,869	\$ 331,132	\$	1,167,986	\$	670,882	\$	82,412	\$	6,783,281
Classified as:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,826,415	\$ 331,132	\$	1,165,065	\$	520,959	\$	_	\$	4,843,571
Restricted assets, cash	1,704,454	- 001,102	Ψ	2,921	Ψ	149,923	Ψ	82,412	Ψ	1,939,710
	.,, ., ,, ,,			2,021				J2, . 12	_	1,000,110

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

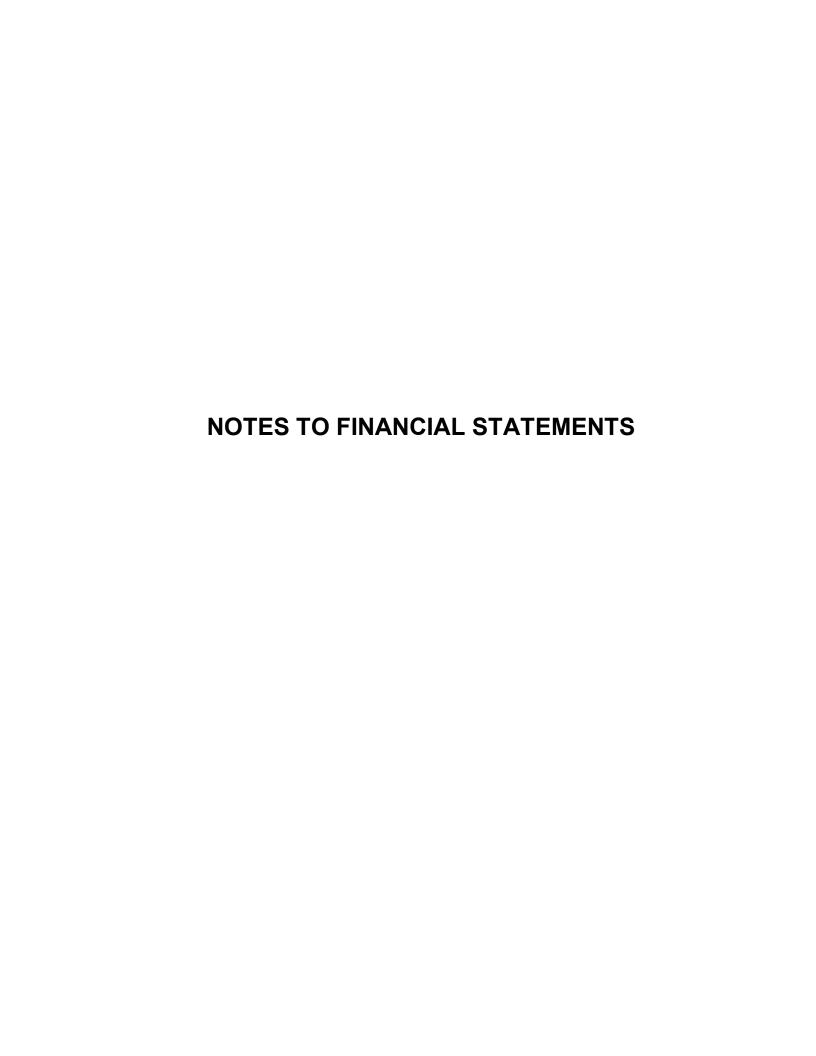
	Water and Sewerage System	S	tormwater Utility Fund	Gas System	Solid Waste	 Nonmajor Revolving Loan Fund	Totals
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net							
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$ 964,359	\$	66,838	\$ 823,283	\$ 104,079	\$ (50)	\$ 1,958,509
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)							
to net cash provided by (used in)							
operating activities:							
Depreciation	1,589,465		85,376	89,506	69,994	-	1,834,341
Amortization of premium	(98,177)		-	-	-	-	(98,177)
Provision for landfill closure/post-closure							
care costs	-		-	-	740	-	740
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in:							
Accounts receivable	(56,072)		(7,558)	(67,397)	(41,377)	-	(172,404)
Intergovernmental receivable	800,940		-	-	-	-	800,940
Prepaid expenses	24,561		(243)	290	-	-	24,608
Due from other funds	14,497		-	-	-	-	14,497
Increase (decrease) in:							
Accounts payable	(888,882)		(8,668)	(199,295)	286	-	(1,096,559
Retainage payable	(845,211)		-	-	-	-	(845,211
Accrued liabilities	7,162		1,258	135	3,309	-	11,864
Compensated absences payable	-		(5,462)	-	(11,791)	-	(17,253)
Due to other funds	(57,727)		72,457	396,217	106,018	-	516,965
Net cash provided by (used in)						<u>.</u>	
operating activities	\$ 1,454,915	\$	203,998	\$ 1,042,739	\$ 231,258	\$ (50)	\$ 2,932,860
Noncash capital and related financing							
activities:							
Contributions of capital assets	\$ 871,752	\$	281,607	\$ 164,205	\$ 29,041	\$ -	\$ 1,346,605
Proceeds from issuance of capital leases	-		68,110	-	174,894	-	243,004
Amortization of deferred loss from refunding	64,653		-	-	-	-	64,653
Noncash investing activities:							
Change in investment in JOTL	-		-	(23,798)	-	-	(23,798

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUND JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS	Custodial Fund
Cash	\$ 75,625
Total assets	\$ 75,625
NET POSITION Net Position	\$ 75,562

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Custodial Fund
ADDITIONS	
Confiscations	\$ 143,701
DELETIONS	
Disbursements	116,500
Net increase	27,201
NET POSITION	
Beginning of year, as restated	48,361
End of year	\$ 75,562



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Perry, Georgia (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. The Financial Reporting Entity

The City was reincorporated by the General Assembly of Georgia in 1983 by Georgia Laws (Act No. 444) through the enactment of a charter effective July 1, 1983. The City was originally chartered in 1824.

City government is conducted by a non-partisan Mayor and Council. The Council is composed of six elected members, two from each of three districts. Members serve staggered four-year terms. Council selects a City Manager who oversees day-to-day operations of the City.

The City provides numerous municipal services authorized by its charter and operates four major utilities.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City (primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationship with the City.

In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, as set forth in the Statement of the GASB No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an amendment of GASB Statements No.* 14 and No. 34, the component units' financial statements have been included as discretely presented. All of the City's component units have a June 30 year-end.

Blended Component Unit

The Perry Public Facilities Authority (the "PPFA") was created to authorize the issuance of revenue bonds. The PPFA consists of seven members. The Mayor and Council members of the City appoint one member whose term on the PPFA shall correspond with the term of the Mayor or Council member who appointed such member. Of these seven members, one serves as chairperson and another serves as vice-chairperson. Four members of the PPFA shall constitute a quorum. The members shall not be compensated for their services, however shall be reimbursed for their actual expenses necessarily incurred in the performance of their duties. The PPFA has the same address as the City.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. The Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Perry Area Convention and Visitors Bureau (the "Visitors Bureau") was created to promote tourism, trade and conventions for the City. The governing board consists of nine regular members and four ex-officio members. The Mayor and City Council of the City appoint the regular members. Five of these members must be recommended by the Perry Area Chamber of Commerce Board of Directors. The ex-officio members are the executive director of the Visitors Bureau, the City Manager, the executive director of the Perry Area Chamber of Commerce and the executive director of the Georgia National Fairgrounds and Agricenter. The City provides the major support to the Visitors Bureau through the collection and remittance of hotel/motel taxes. The Visitors Bureau is reported as a governmental fund type. Complete financial statements for the Visitors Bureau may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices:

Perry Area Convention and Visitors Bureau 101 Courtney Hodges Boulevard Perry, Georgia 31069

The Perry Downtown Development Authority (the "Authority") was created to revitalize and redevelop the central business district of the City, to develop and promote for the public good and general welfare, trade, commerce, industry and employment opportunities. The Authority is governed by seven directors appointed by the Mayor and City Council. The City provides support to the Authority relative to the yearly operating budget requirements. The Authority is reported as a governmental fund type. Complete financial statements for the Authority may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices:

Perry Downtown Development Authority 1211 Washington Street Perry, Georgia 31069

The Perry Industrial Building Authority (the "Building Authority") was created to encourage and promote the expansion and development of industrial and commercial facilities in the City. The Building Authority is governed by two directors appointed by the Mayor and City Council and three ex-officio members – the Mayor, the chairman of the Houston County Board of Commissioners and the president of the Perry Area Chamber of Commerce. The City does have the ability to impose its will on the Building Authority relative to the use of existing funds. The Building Authority's financial statements consist of a general fund only and is reported as a governmental fund type. The Building Authority has not issued separate financial statements for the current fiscal year.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its discretely presented component units. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, investment earnings and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, Special Purpose Local Option Sales Taxes ("SPLOST"), franchise taxes, other taxes, licenses and permits, intergovernmental revenues, investment earnings and charges for services associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Fire Protection Fund – The Fire Protection Fund accounts for the fire protection fee used to fund maintenance, operation and staff expenses associated with the Davis Farm fire station.

SPLOST 2018 Fund – The SPLOST fund accounts for the City's construction and improvement projects based on the 1 cent special purpose sales tax approved by the voters of the City and Houston County.

PPFA Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for capital projects of the City from the Perry Public Facilities Authority Fund that are not required to be reported in a separate fund.

Perry Public Facilities Authority Fund – The Perry Public Facilities Authority Fund is a blended component unit of the City of Perry that is used to account for the issuance of revenue bonds which are used to fund public facility construction and improvement projects.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water and Sewerage System – accounts for the operations and maintenance of the City's water and wastewater services to the residents and businesses of the City.

Stormwater Utility Fund – accounts for the operations and maintenance of the City's stormwater management program.

Gas System – accounts for the operations and maintenance of the City's natural gas services to the residents and businesses of the City.

Solid Waste Fund – accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's trash, leaf and limb collections to the residents and businesses of the City.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type:

Special Revenue Funds account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure specific purposes.

Capital Project Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The **Enterprise Fund** is used to account for the revenues and expenses associated with the revolving loan fund of the City.

Fiduciary Fund – accounts for money confiscated and held pending disposition by courts.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's public utilities and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct cost and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Deposits and Investments

Deposits – The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments – Investments are reported at fair value, which is determined using selected bases. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value.

F. Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received, including property taxes and amounts due from other funds and grants. All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectibles, where applicable.

G. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

In the fund financial statements, balances that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements, outstanding at the end of the fiscal year, are referred to as "interfund receivables/interfund payables". In the government-wide financial statements these balances are netted and reported as "internal balances".

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Inventories

In the government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in/first-out ("FIFO") basis and are expensed when used (i.e. the consumption method). In the fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. Cost is determined on an FIFO basis. Inventories of supplies are reported at cost, whereas inventories held for resale are reported at the lower of cost or market.

I. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditure/expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

J. Restricted Assets

Resources set aside in proprietary funds for repayment of bonds and renewal and extension in the amount of \$1,694,892 are classified as restricted assets because their use is limited by bond covenants. A corresponding portion of net position is segregated by its classification as "restricted for debt service".

Customers' meter deposits are classified as restricted assets because their use is limited.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (i.e., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Preliminary and interim costs incurred by governmental funds for capital projects are reported as "construction in progress". Costs related to abandoned projects are expensed when the project is abandoned.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the City chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The City contracted with a third-party appraiser for the initial recording of these assets through historical costs and City records. As the City constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Furniture and fixtures	5 – 7 years
Machinery and equipment	3 – 10 years
Lines and Mains	50 years
Buildings and improvements	10 – 50 years
Land improvements	10 – 25 years
Infrastructure	50 years

L. Compensated Absences

Annual leave is earned by all permanent City employees and may be accumulated and carried over to a maximum of 240 hours per employee (366 hours for firefighters). In accordance with GASB Statement 16, the City accrues the cost of annual leave when the leave is earned. This cost is accrued in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Sick leave is earned by all full-time City employees and 1,280 hours may be accumulated (1,792 for firefighters). Employees leaving the City are not entitled to payment for accumulated sick leave. In accordance with GASB Statement 16, the City does not accrue sick leave because employees do not receive "termination payments" upon leaving the City.

M. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. One is the deferred loss on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and being amortized over the life of the refunding debt. The second and third items of deferred outflows of resources relates to pensions. Any contributions made by the City to the pension plan before year-end but subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources. Certain changes in the net pension asset are recognized against pension expense over time instead of all being recognized in the year of occurrence. The difference between projected investment return on pension investments and actual return on those investments is deferred and amortized against pension expense over a five-year period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, represents an acquisition of fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The first item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources, property taxes and intergovernmental revenues. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The City also has a pension related item that qualifies for reporting in this category.

O. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Perry Retirement Plan (the "Plan") and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

P. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position".

Fund Balance

Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- **Non-spendable** Fund balances are reported as non-spendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash), or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed
 on their use, either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external
 restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Mayor and City Council through the adoption of a resolution. The Mayor and City Council may modify or rescind the commitment.
- Assigned Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the
 City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.
 Through resolution, the Mayor and City Council have authorized the City Manager or his/her
 designee to assign fund balance.
- Unassigned Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the
 balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund
 balance only in the general fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in
 all funds.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

P. Fund Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

The City does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the City has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Q. Allocation of Administrative Costs

At the governmental fund level, the City allocates administrative costs to the various departments and funds for which services are provided as allowable by the benefiting fund. The allocations are based upon the City's estimate of each fund's share of the services.

R. Tax Abatement Agreements

The City is required to disclose information for any tax abatement agreements, either entered into by the City, or agreements entered into by other governments that reduce the City's tax revenue. As of June 30, 2021, the City did not have any such agreements, either entered into by the City or by other governments that exceeded the quantitative threshold for disclosure.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

An annual appropriated budget is adopted by ordinance for all fund types except fiduciary funds, which are not budgeted, and capital projects funds, which have project length budgets. The budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis for governmental fund types and on the accrual basis for proprietary fund types and are consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year with the exception of the capital projects funds. On or before the last day of February each year, all departments of the City submit requests for appropriations to the City Manager so that a budget may be prepared. Appropriated budgets are compiled by the City Manager, finance officer and department heads. Before the first day of May, the proposed budget is presented to the Mayor and Council for review. After holding a public hearing, a final budget is prepared and adopted not later than June 30th. Budgetary control is maintained at the department level. Department heads, with the approval of the City Manager, may transfer appropriations within their department. Interdepartmental transfers require the approval of City Council. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, expenditures exceeded final amended budgets as follows:

Fund or Department	Excess
General Fund:	
Public Safety	1,866
Recreation	5,534
Fire Protection Fund:	
Public Safety	48,821
Confiscated Assets Fund:	
Public Safety	100
Hotel/Motel Tax:	
General Government	1,011
Transfer out	82
Creekwood 2019 CDBG Fund:	
General Government	9

These over-expenditures were funded by under-expenditures in other departments.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

Georgia laws of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated ("O.C.G.A.") §36-83-4 and §36-82-7 limit investments of the City. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. State statute authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the local government investment pool ("Georgia Fund 1"). As of June 30, 2021, the City's investment in the Georgia Fund 1 was rated AAAf by Standard & Poor's. Shares sold and redeemed are based on \$1 per share. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. The Georgia Fund 1 is managed by the Office of the State Treasurer.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all deposits and investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities combined in the aggregate totaling not less than 110% of the public funds held. As of June 30, 2021, the City's bank balances of deposits are entirely covered under insurance or collateralization with securities held by the City's agent in the City's name.

As of June 30, 2021, the City had the following investments:

Investment Type	Maturities (Days)	F	air Value
Georgia Fund 1	36	\$	4,013,364
Total Fair Value		\$	4,013,364

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The only investments held by the City as of June 30, 2021, are maintained in Georgia Fund 1 and are not subject to level disclosure.

The Georgia Fund 1 is an investment pool which does not meet the criteria of GASB Statement No. 79 and is thus valued at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31. As a result, the City does not disclose its investment in the Georgia Fund 1 within the fair value hierarchy.

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

·	Beginning Balance			Increases					Endii rs Balar		
Governmental Activities											
Capital assets, not being											
depreciated: Land and land improvements	\$	10,913,992	\$		\$	(28)	\$		\$	10,913,964	
Construction in progress	Φ	3,988,203	φ	2,412,203	Φ	(26) (172,675)	φ	(1,374,862)	φ	4,852,869	
Total capital assets, not being		0,000,200	_	2,412,200		(172,073)		(1,074,002)		4,002,000	
depreciated		14,902,195		2,412,203		(172,703)		(1,374,862)		15,766,833	
Capital assets, being depreciated:											
Buildings and improvements		9,394,731		22,100		-		-		9,416,831	
Land improvements		1,369,245		24,120		-		-		1,393,365	
Furnitures and fixtures		56,705		-		-		-		56,705	
Machinery and equipment		9,417,945		513,414		(579,064)		-		9,352,295	
Infrastructure		57,164,966		14,250				28,257		57,207,473	
Total capital assets, being											
depreciated		77,403,592	_	573,884		(579,064)		28,257		77,426,669	
Less accumulated depreciation for:											
Buildings and improvements		(3,039,812)		(279,302)		-		-		(3,319,114)	
Land improvements		(1,046,496)		(27,652)		-		-		(1,074,148)	
Furnitures and fixtures		(49,555)		(1,238)		-		-		(50,793)	
Machinery and equipment		(7,566,203)		(1,005,266)		579,064		-		(7,992,405)	
Infrastructure		(25,842,416)		(1,260,175)						(27,102,591)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(37,544,482)		(2,573,633)		579,064				(39,539,051)	
Total capital assets, being											
depreciated, net		39,859,110	_	(1,999,749)				28,257		37,887,618	
Governmental activities capital											
assets, net	\$	54,761,305	\$	412,454	\$	(172,703)	\$	(1,346,605)	\$	53,654,451	

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities			 _		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land and easements	\$ 417,495	\$ 1,341	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 418,836
Construction in progress	 11,885,602	 1,115,575	 	 (9,553,236)	 3,447,941
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 12,303,097	1,116,916		 (9,553,236)	3,866,777
Capital assets, being depreciated: Structures, equipment and lines Less accumulated depreciation for:	72,892,874	534,417	(125,240)	10,899,841	84,201,892
Structures, equipment and lines	(29,879,355)	(1,834,341)	125,240		(31,588,456)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	43,013,519	(1,299,924)	_	10,899,841	52,613,436
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 55,316,616	\$ (183,008)	\$ _	\$ 1,346,605	\$ 56,480,213

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 70,933
Public safety	1,131,095
Public works	1,052,260
Parks and recreation	160,785
Housing and development	 158,560
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 2,573,633
Business-type activities:	
Water and sewerage system	\$ 1,589,465
Stormwater utility fund	85,376
Gas system	89,506
Solid waste	 69,994
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 1,834,341

NOTE 5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2021, is as follows:

	Receivable Fund													
					En	nterprise Funds								
			F	ire		2018	Р	PFA Capital	Nonmajor			Water and		
		General	Prot	ection		SPLOST	Pr	ojects Fund	Gov	rnmental		Sewerage		Total
Payable Fund:	_													
Fire Protection Fund	\$	118,269.00	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	118,269.00
SPLOST 2018 Fund		-		-		-		1,460		-		-		1,460
Nonmajor Governmental		100,586		-		267,801		4,018		297,671		-		670,076
Water and Sew erage System		48,466		-		-		-		-		-		48,466
Stormw ater Utility Fund		88,981		40		-		-		-		-		89,021
Gas System		416,025		-		-		-		-		14,300		430,325
Solid Waste		112,222		198		-		-		-		-		112,420
Nonmajor Enterprise		1,116		-		-		-		-		-		1,116
PPFA - Component Unit		-		-		-		38,848		-		-		38,848
	\$	885,665	\$	238	\$	267,801	\$	44,326	\$	297,671	\$	14,300	\$	1,510,001

These amounts represent short-term receivables and payables. The balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that: 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

The amount due to the SPLOST 2018 Fund results from SPLOST eligible expenditures incurred during the fiscal year which were reimbursed by the ARPA Fund subsequent to year end.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021, is as follows:

Fund Transfers In:	_
General Fund	9
Fire Protection Fund	
PPFA Capital Projects Fund	
Stormw ater Fund	
Nonmajor Governmental	
•	

Fund Transfers Out													
Water and General Sewerage Fund System			erry Public Facilities Authority		Gas System		Nonmajor vernmental		Total				
\$ 2,981	\$	104,479	\$	_	\$	855,541	\$	783,852	\$	1,746,853			
-		66,915		-		-		232,140		299,055			
-		-		1,021,487		-		-		1,021,487			
210,730		-		-		-		-		210,730			
25,560		-		-		311,427		-		336,987			
\$ 239,271	\$	171,394	\$	1,021,487	\$	1,166,968	\$	1,015,992	\$	3,615,112			

Transfers are used to: 1) move revenues from the fund that the statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them, 2) close out funds no longer used by the City, and 3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 6. LANDFILL POST-CLOSURE CARE COSTS

The City has closed its Chapel Road/Ford Creek landfill site and has received a closure certificate from the Georgia Environmental Protection Division ("EPD"). State and federal laws and regulations require the City to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions for 30 years after closure. The EPD approved total assured costs for this fiscal year are \$62,394 and are reported as a current and non-current liability in the Solid Waste Fund. Actual costs may be higher than estimates due to inflation, changes in technology or regulations. During 2021, the City increased/adjusted these closure costs for inflation by \$740.

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Primary Government

Capital Leases

The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment and for system expansion and refunding. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inceptions. Interest rates vary from 2.44% to 3.74%. Total cost of assets acquired under these capital leases, governmental activities and business-type activities, as of June 30, 2021, is \$13,969,347. Total accumulated depreciation on assets acquired under capital leases as of June 30, 2021 is \$8,889,642. Cost of equipment included in the governmental activities statement of net position is \$2,155,138, which includes \$5,929,666 of accumulated depreciation. Cost of equipment and system expansion and refunding included in the business-type activities statement of net position is \$2,818,344, which includes \$3,066,199 of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation expense on assets acquired under capital leases for the year ended June 30, 2021 is \$57,222 for governmental activities and \$49,001 for business-type activities.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for these capital leases are as follows:

	_	G	over	nmental Acti	ctivities B					usiness-Type Activities				
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total		
2022	\$	719,945.00	\$	52,893.00	\$	772,838.00	\$	205,213.00	\$	15,397.00	\$	220,610.00		
2023		544,760		37,474		582,234		178,268		9,257		187,525		
2024		520,024		25,056		545,080		96,206		5,530		101,736		
2025		175,686		15,637		191,323		43,401		3,797		47,198		
2026		184,114		9,992		194,106		44,614		2,584		47,198		
2027 - 2028		182,761		6,432		189,193		69,242		1,674		70,916		
Total	\$	2,327,290	\$	147,484	\$	2,474,774	\$	636,944	\$	38,239	\$	675,183		

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Primary Government (Continued)

Capital Leases (Continued)

Although the City is not obligated to make annual appropriations under these leases, failure to do so will result in forfeiture of the assets acquired with these lease proceeds.

Loans - General Obligation Debt

On November 21, 2017, the City entered into a contract with the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority ("GEFA") for a Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund grant/loan to provide financing for constructing a new water plant and wells. The old water treatment plant will be decommissioned and two old wells will be abandoned. The note is as follows at June 30, 2021:

Original			0	utstanding
 Amount	Interest Rate	Term		Balance
\$ 11,049,845	1.89%	20 years	\$	10,897,797

The loan is to be paid in monthly installments of \$55,326 including interest at 1.89% through 2041. The City covenants and agrees that it shall, to the extent necessary, levy an annual ad valorem tax on all taxable property within the City as necessary to produce revenues that will be sufficient to fulfill the City's obligations of this note. The outstanding note from direct borrowings contains a provision that in an event of default, the lender may declare the outstanding principal and accrued interest immediately due and may terminate its remaining commitment (if any) to make further advances of the loan.

Revenue Bonds

The City's business-type activity, the Water and Sewerage System, has revenue bonds payable solely from revenues generated by fund activities. The bond indentures contain restrictions on the use of bond proceeds and fund revenues as well as providing for sinking funds, renewal and extension funds and minimum fund operating requirements (revenue bond coverage).

On September 18, 2007, the City issued \$9,445,000 in Series 2007 Revenue Bonds to provide for system expansion. The interest rate varies from 3.6% to 4.0%. These bonds were defeased during the year with the issuance of the 2016 Revenue Bonds as described in the following paragraph.

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Primary Government (Continued)

Revenue Bonds (Continued)

On May 14, 2013, the City issued \$5,304,000 in Revenue Bonds with interest rates ranging from 1.92% to 2.45%. The proceeds were used to refund \$1,558,876 of the 1998 Revenue Bonds and advance refund a portion of the outstanding 2005 Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$3,365,000. The net proceeds of \$3,620,936 (including a \$255,936 premium and after payment of \$124,188 in issuance costs) were deposited in an escrow account to provide funds for the future debt payments on the portion of the advance refunded bonds. The advanced refunding resulted in a deferred loss of \$366,836. As a result, the refunded portion of the 2005 Revenue Bonds is considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the statement of net position.

On August 2, 2016, the City issued \$8,595,000 in Revenue Bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$9,155,000 of the 2007 Revenue Bonds and prepay in full \$173,263 of the loan from GEFA. The net proceeds of \$8,202,123 (including a \$1,209,559 premium and after payment of \$219,614 in issuance cost) were deposited in an escrow account to provide funds for the future debt payments on the portion of the advance refunded bonds. The advanced refunding resulted in a deferred loss of \$503,447, which will be amortized over the life of the bonds. As a result, the refunded portion of the 2007 Revenue Bonds is considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the statement of net position.

On April 4, 2017, the Perry Public Facilities Authority issued \$2,255,000 in Revenue Bonds to provide funds for improvements to certain parks and recreational facilities of the City. Interest rates range from 2.00% to 4.00%.

On March 5, 2019, the Perry Public Facilities Authority issued \$7,710,000 in Revenue Bonds to provide funds for a gas main extension, improvements to the water and sewer system, parks and recreational improvements and acquisition of property for a new City Hall. Interest rates range from 3.00% to 4.00%.

On September 3, 2020, the Perry Public Facilities Authority issued \$4,010,000 in Revenue Bonds to provide funds for improvements to the water and sewer system and acquisition and renovation of the Houston County Government Building for use as a City Municipal Court Building. Interest rates range from 2.00 to 3.00%.

On June 22, 2021, the Perry Public Facilities Authority issued \$4,030,000 in Revenue Bonds to provide funds for improvements to the sewer and stormwater system. The interest rate is 3.00%.

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Primary Government (Continued)

Revenue Bonds (Continued)

The 2013 and 2016 Revenue Bonds are parity bonds in that they both have a first lien on water and sewerage system assets and revenues. The following summarizes the debt service requirements of the Revenue Bonds.

Fiscal Year														
Ending	 2013 Reve	nue l	Bonds	2016 Revenue Bonds			 2017 Revenue Bonds				2019 Revenue Bonds			
June 30,	 Principal		nterest		Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2022	\$ 582,000	\$	34,138	\$	70,000	\$	310,988	\$ 95,000	\$	61,988	\$	100,000	\$	287,406
2023	593,000		22,963		70,000		309,238	95,000		59,138		100,000		284,406
2024	603,000		11,578		75,000		307,063	100,000		56,287		100,000		281,406
2025	-		-		690,000		292,138	105,000		53,288		105,000		278,406
2026	-		-		715,000		270,294	105,000		50,138		110,000		274,026
2027 - 2031	-		-		3,945,000		950,025	580,000		201,340		605,000		1,285,631
2032 - 2036	-		-		2,780,000		151,050	675,000		106,088		1,450,000		1,185,631
2037 - 2041	-		-		-		-	150,000		6,000		1,515,000		886,831
2042 - 2046	-		-		-		-	-		-		2,020,000		559,150
2047 – 2049	 -		-		-		-	 -		-		1,405,000		170,015
Total	\$ 1,778,000	\$	68,679	\$	8,345,000	\$	2,590,796	\$ 1,905,000	\$	594,267	\$	7,510,000	\$	5,492,908

Fiscal Year									
Ending	 2020 Reve	nue	Bonds	 2021 Reve	nue	Bonds	 To	otal	
June 30,	 Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest
2022	\$ 70,000	\$	59,829	\$ -	\$	93,698	\$ 917,000	\$	848,047
2023	70,000		103,550	-		120,900	928,000		900,195
2024	75,000		101,450	-		120,900	953,000		878,684
2025	75,000		99,350	-		120,900	975,000		844,082
2026	80,000		97,100	-		120,900	1,010,000		812,458
2027 - 2031	430,000		449,800	-		604,500	5,560,000		3,491,296
2032 - 2036	1,455,000		377,800	-		604,500	6,360,000		2,425,069
2037 - 2041	1,755,000		154,700	1,590,000		561,000	5,010,000		1,608,531
2042 - 2046	-		3,600	2,440,000		110,400	4,460,000		673,150
2047 – 2049		_	-			-	 1,405,000		170,015
Total	\$ 4,010,000	\$	1,447,179	\$ 4,030,000	\$	2,457,698	\$ 27,578,000	\$	9,128,375

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Primary Government (Continued)

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Additions	F	eductions	Ending Balance		oue Within One Year
Governmental activities	,		•					•	
Revenue bonds	\$	9,605,000	\$	8,040,000	\$	(190,000)	\$ 17,455,000	\$	265,000
Plus unamortized									
premium		347,201		738,786		(26,708)	 1,059,279		
Revenue bonds, net		9,952,201		8,778,786		(216,708)	18,514,279		265,000
Capital leases payable		2,451,971		663,699		(788,380)	2,327,290		719,945
Compensated absences		689,711		368,851		(440,512)	618,050		278,091
	\$	13,093,883	\$	9,811,336	\$	(1,445,600)	\$ 21,459,619	\$	1,263,036
Business-type activities									
Revenue bonds	\$	10,762,000	\$	-	\$	(639,000)	\$ 10,123,000	\$	652,000
Plus unamortized									
premium		912,544		_		(98,177)	 814,367		
Revenue bonds, net		11,674,544		-		(737,177)	10,937,367		652,000
Notes from direct borrow ings		9,508,118		1,541,726		(152,047)	10,897,797		461,925
Capital lease payable		555,508		243,004		(161,568)	636,944		205,213
Compensated absences		49,555		16,478		(33,731)	32,302		15,435
Landfill post–closure care costs		61,654		740		-	 62,394		3,500
	\$	21,849,379	\$	1,801,948	\$	(1,084,523)	\$ 22,566,804	\$	1,338,073

For governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund. For business-type activities, compensated absences and landfill post-closure care costs are generally paid for by the Solid Waste Fund.

NOTE 8. TAX REVENUE

Property Tax

State law requires that property taxes be based on assessed value, which is 40% of market value. All real and personal property (including motor vehicles) are valued as of January 1 of each year and personal property tax returns must be filed for tax purposes by March 1. With the exception of motor vehicles and the property of public utilities, which are valued by the State Revenue Department, all assessments are made by the Board of Tax Assessors of Houston County.

Exemptions are permitted for certain inventories. There are other exemptions provided by state and local laws.

NOTE 8. TAX REVENUE (CONTINUED)

Property Tax (Continued)

Upon completion of all assessments and tax returns, the information is turned over to the County Tax Commissioner for compilation of the tax digest. The completed tax digest must be submitted to the State Revenue Commissioner for approval. The State Revenue Commissioner must ascertain that real property on the tax digest has been assessed at the state mandated 40% of fair market value. The State Revenue Commissioner has the option to withhold certain state funding if the mandated 40% level is not reached.

The property tax calendar is as follows:

	Real/Personal	
	Property (Excluding Vehicles)	Motor Vehicles
Assessment date	January 1	January 1
Levy date	September 21	January 1
Due dates and collection dates	December 20	Staggered

Property taxes receivable have been reduced to their estimated net realizable value. Estimated uncollectible amounts are based upon historical experience rates and result in a direct reduction of the related revenue amount at the end of the period.

Hotel/Motel Excise Tax

The City levies and collects a 7% lodging tax which is reported in the hotel/motel tax special revenue fund. In 2012, an amendment was made to the contract with the Visitors Bureau relative to the annual allocation. Under the terms of the new contract, the City is to pay the Visitors Bureau an annual allocation the City determines to be appropriate based on the Visitors Bureau's approved budget from the tourism promotion portion of the total accommodation excise tax collected. In no case shall that amount be less than 25% of the total tax collections. The allocations are paid in monthly installments. The contract may be canceled by either party upon a 90-day notice.

A summary of the hotel/motel excise tax expenditures and receipts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, is as follows:

Expenditure by Purpose	Ex	penditures	_Ta	ax Receipts	Percentage
Perry Area Convention and Visitors Bureau	\$	397,444	\$	397,444	36%
General Fund		741,375		709,443	64%
Total	\$	1,138,819	\$	1,106,887	100%

NOTE 8. TAX REVENUE (CONTINUED)

Hotel/Motel Excise Tax (Continued)

The schedule above reflects current year revenues and expenditures relative to current year revenues. The City does not transfer their entire portion of hotel/motel excise tax receipts to the General Fund. Therefore, the fund reports a year-end fund balance.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The City, as authorized by the City Council, has established a non-contributory defined benefit pension plan (the "City of Perry Retirement Plan"), covering substantially all of the City's employees. The City of Perry Retirement Plan is administered through the Georgia Municipal Employee Benefit System ("GMEBS"), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. The City of Perry Retirement Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are provided by the City of Perry Retirement Plan whereby retirees receive between 1% and 1.75% multiplied by the average of the five highest years of regular earnings multiplied by the total credited years of service. The City Council, in its role as the City of Perry Retirement Plan sponsor, has the governing authority to establish and amend, from time to time, the benefits provided and the contribution rates of the City and its employees. The Georgia Municipal Association issues a publicly available financial report on GMEBS that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GMEBS. That report may be obtained at www.gmanet.com or by writing to Georgia Municipal Association, Risk Management and Employee Benefit Services, 201 Pryor Street, Atlanta, Georgia 30303 or by calling (404) 688-0472.

Plan Membership. As of January 1, 2021, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	121
Inactive plan members entitled to, but not receiving benefits	152
Total	273

Freezing of Plan

Effective January 1, 2012, the City of Perry Retirement Plan is frozen to new entrants and participants (including officials) and shall not accrue any additional benefits. Participants are 100% vested in their accrued benefits. Due to the City of Perry Retirement Plan freeze, the asset method was changed to not allow the actuarial value of the assets to exceed 120% of fair value. There were no other changes in plan provisions, methods, or assumptions in this valuation.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions

The City of Perry Retirement Plan is subject to minimum funding standards of the Georgia Public Retirement Systems Standards law. The Board of Trustees of GMEBS has adopted a recommended actuarial funding policy for the City of Perry Retirement Plan which meets state minimum requirements and will accumulate sufficient funds to provide the benefits under the City of Perry Retirement Plan. The funding policy for the City of Perry Retirement Plan, as adopted by the City Council, is to contribute an amount equal to or greater than the actuarially recommended contribution rate. This rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of plan members, as determined by the City Council. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the active member contribution rate was 0.00% of annual pay and the City's contribution rate was 0.00% of annual payroll due to the City of Perry Retirement Plan being frozen as of January 1, 2012. City contributions to the City of Perry Retirement Plan were \$37,472 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Net Pension Asset of the City

The City's net pension asset was measured as of September 30, 2020. The total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020 with update procedures performed by the actuary to roll forward to the total pension asset measured as of September 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability in the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25% Salary increases N/A

Investment rate of return 7.375%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with gender-distinct rates, set forward two years for males and one year for females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2019.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Asset of the City (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued) – Cost of living adjustments were assumed to be 2.25% although the City of Perry Retirement Plan allowance for annual cost of living adjustment is variable, as established by the City Council, in an amount not to exceed 5%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of March 31, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Domestic equity	45%	6.40%
International equity	20%	7.05%
Domestic fixed income	20%	1.15%
Real estate	10%	4.50%
Global fixed income	5%_	1.25%
Total	100%	

^{*}Rates shown are net of the 2.25% assumed rate of inflation.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 7.375%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Asset of the City (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension (Asset) Liability of the City – The changes in the components of the net pension (asset) liability of the City for the year ended June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	To	otal Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension (Asset) Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	11,244,752	\$	12,506,545	\$	(1,261,793)
Changes for the year:						
Interest		801,327		-		801,327
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		66,225		-		66,225
Contributions - employer		-		37,472		(37,472)
Net investment income		-		1,163,347		(1,163,347)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(758,590)		(758,590)		-
Administrative expenses		<u>-</u>		(35,729)		35,729
Net changes		108,962		406,500		(297,538)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	11,353,714	\$	12,913,045	\$	(1,559,331)

The required schedule of changes in the City's net pension (asset) liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension (asset) liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension (asset) liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.375%, as well as what the City's net pension (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.375%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.375%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	 6.375%)		scount Rate (7.375%)	1	% Increase (8.375%)
City's net pension asset	\$ (377,585)	\$	(1,559,331)	\$	(2,558,283)

NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Asset of the City (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate (Continued) — Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of September 30, 2020, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension income of \$222,277. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	(146,385)
City contibutions subsequent to the measurement date		22,844		
Total	\$	22,844	\$	(146,385)

City contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$22,844 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ending June 30, 2022. The deferred inflow of resources related to the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investment of \$146,385 will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2022	\$ (158,547)
2023	2,904
2024	63,038
2025	 (53,780)
Total	\$ (146,385)

NOTE 10. ICMA RETIREMENT PLANS

Section 401 Plan

In January 2012, the City adopted the City of Perry Defined Contribution Plan in the form of the ICMA Retirement Corporation Governmental Profit Sharing Plan and Trust. All full-time employees and elected and appointed officials are eligible to participate in the plan. There is no minimum age requirement relative to eligibility. However, employees must be actively participating in the 457 plan to be eligible for the employer match. Employer matching contributions shall not exceed 3% of earnings. All full-time employees and elected and appointed officials employed as of December 31, 2011 are considered 100% vested regardless of their length of service with the City. Other vesting in the plan is as follows: one year – 20% vested, two years – 40% vested, three years – 60% vested, four years – 80% vested, and five years – 100% vested. Participant loans are permitted under the plan, subject to plan provisions. Employer contributions for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, were \$201,685.

Section 457 Plan

In January 2012, the City adopted a 457 Deferred Compensation Plan in the form of ICMA Retirement Corporation Deferred Compensation Plan and Trust. Per the plan document, employees may make voluntary pretax contributions to the plan, subject to the limitations. Participant loans are permitted under the plan, subject to plan provisions.

NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; injuries to employees; and losses resulting from providing accident and health benefits to employees, retirees, and their dependents.

The City provides a self-insurance health and dental plan for its employees. This plan is accounted for in the General Fund and funded accordingly to the historical cost of health and dental benefits provided to City employees. The City purchases specific and aggregate stop loss insurance to protect itself in unusual circumstances. Claims payable consist of claims incurred but not yet paid as of June 30, 2021, and were estimated based on the Loss Analysis Report provided by the third-party administrator and pending specific stop loss reimbursements.

NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Changes in claims payable are as follows:

		Year Ended											
		June 30,											
	2021			2020	2019								
Beginning	\$	123,585	\$	70,569	\$	56,276							
Claims incurred		1,942,800		1,833,061		2,158,790							
Claims paid		(1,961,115)		(1,780,045)		(2,144,497)							
Ending	\$	105,270	\$	123,585	\$	70,569							

The City has property and liability insurance coverage with the Georgia Interlock Risk Management Agency ("GIRMA"). Losses relative to these risks are limited to a \$5,000 deductible provided for in the GIRMA contracts. During the past three years, settlements have not exceeded the coverages.

The City has obtained workers' compensation insurance through a third-party private insurance company. The policy provides for workers' compensation coverage for claims in excess of the City's deductible of \$2,500.

NOTE 12. CONTRACTS

The City has a contract with the Visitors Bureau whereby the Visitors Bureau will staff and maintain a facility for tourism development, visitor information, and a rest area for travelers and for the general promotion of the City. During the term of the contract, the City is required to pay to the Visitors Bureau no less than 25% of all hotel/motel tax revenues collected by the City. The contract may be canceled by either party upon a 90-day notice.

The City has a contract with the Perry Area Chamber of Commerce (the "Chamber") whereby the Chamber will promote and publicize the City. Under terms of this agreement, the City pays the Chamber \$6,000 a year (\$500 monthly). The term of this contract is from July 1 to June 30, and is reconsidered annually.

The City has entered into various contracts relative to natural gas supply whereby the City, along with other participating municipalities, is jointly and severally liable for costs under these contracts.

NOTE 13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 14. JOINT VENTURES

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the 11 county middle Georgia area, is a member of the Middle Georgia Regional Commission ("RC") and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City paid \$22,590 in such dues. Membership in an RC is required by O.C.G.A. §50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the RC in Georgia. RC board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. O.C.G.A. §50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

Middle Georgia Regional Commission 175 C Emery Highway Macon, Georgia 31217

The City, together with the cities of Warner Robins, Hawkinsville, Byron, and Cochran, Georgia, formed the Jointly-Owned Natural Gas Transmission Line (the "JOTL") in 1953. The JOTL was established to provide maintenance and related services for a natural gas transmission line serving the above cities and their customers. A board of directors, composed of one member from each of the cities, manages the JOTL. The JOTL's major source of revenue consists of reimbursements for operating expenses and capital outlays from member cities. The JOTL's financial records are maintained on a fiscal year ending December 31 of each year. A separately issued financial report is available and may be obtained from:

Jointly-Owned Natural Gas 200 Dunbar Road Byron, Georgia 31008

NOTE 14. JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary schedule of the JOTL's basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,079,361
Other assets	504,810
Property and equipment, net	14,859,289
Total assets	\$ 16,443,460
Liabilities	\$ 12,262,227
Net position - unrestricted	 4,181,233
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 16,443,460

As of June 30, 2021, the City has an approximate 15.97% interest in current operations of the JOTL. The City's overall equity interest in the JOTL is approximately 17.1%. This equity interest is recorded in the Gas System Fund's statement of net position in the amount of \$716,702.

In March 1994, the Perry-Houston County Airport Authority (the "Airport Authority") was created by renaming the Perry-Fort Valley Airport Authority (H.B. No. 2027, Act No. 718 of the Georgia General Assembly). On May 17, 2004, H.B. No. 1684, Act No. 755 was passed by the Georgia General Assembly amending the membership requirements. Members of the Airport Authority consist of the Mayor of the City and the Chairman of the Houston County Commissioners or their respective designee and five additional members appointed by City Council and County Commissioners. Appointment of a majority of the Airport Authority members alternates between the City and Houston County. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

Perry-Houston County Airport Authority P.O. Box 1572 Perry, Georgia 31069

The City does not have an equity interest in the Airport Authority. The City has an ongoing financial interest due to the fact that the Airport Authority's continued operations at current levels depend on the City's financial support. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City contributed \$44,640 relative to this support.

NOTE 15. RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

The Mayor of the City is responsible for appointing the members of the Perry Housing Authority. The Perry Housing Authority has a six-member board with staggered terms. The City is also responsible for appointing board members to the Houston County Library Board. The City's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments.

NOTE 16. COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2021, the City has commitments relative to various construction projects as follows:

- The City of Perry is committed to fund its portion of operating expenses and capital outlay for the Jointly-Owned Transmission Line System. This cost is not determined at this time.
- The City of Perry is committed to fund the design and construction of a new Administrative Building adjacent to the Community Development offices located at 741 Main Street. The cost is not determined at this time.
- The City of Perry is committed to the purchase and renovation of the old County Courthouse located at 801 Main Street, which will become City Hall. The purchase and renovation cost is estimated at \$4,650,000.
- The City of Perry is committed to fund the construction of a parking lot and stormwater drainage improvements at Pine Needle Park located at 1020 Country Club Road, Perry GA.
 The remaining cost of the contract at year end was approximately \$30,711.62
- The City of Perry is committed to fund the construction of stormwater drainage improvements at Rozar Park. The remaining cost of the contract at year end was approximately \$258.79
- The City of Perry is committed to the realignment of Mainstreet near the intersection of Carroll Street and Commerce Street. As of the end of the fiscal year, the project was in design phase with an estimated cost of \$655,000.
- The City of Perry is committed to construction of the Bear Branch Sewer Expansion. Estimated cost is \$1,552,512.35.
- The City of Perry is committed to construction of the Perry Branch Sewer Expansion. As of the end of the fiscal year, the project is in design phase and the estimated cost in not yet determined.
- The City of Perry is committed to construction of the Langston Road Regional Stormwater Pond. As of the end of the fiscal year, the project is in design phase and the estimated cost in not yet determined.
- The City of Perry is committed to construction of an Inert Waste Transfer Station. The remaining cost of the contract at year end was approximately \$272,000.
- The City of Perry is committed to construction of a second entrance to Creekwood Park. As
 of the end of the fiscal year, the project is in design phase and the estimated cost in not yet
 determined.

NOTE 17. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

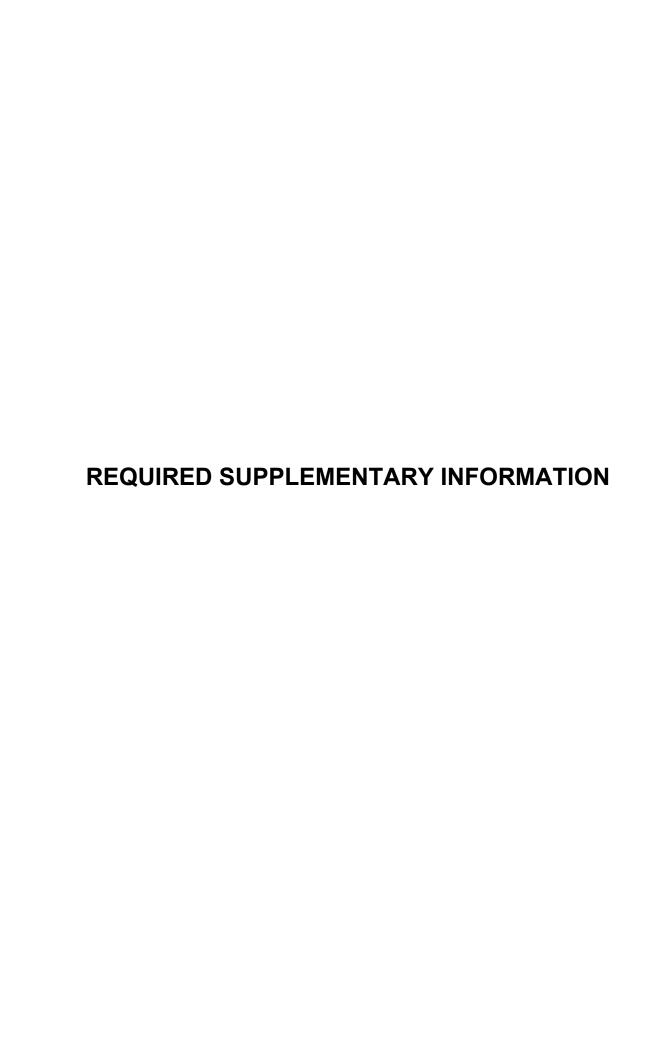
In conjunction with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, the City is required to reevaluate the accounting treatment of fiduciary activities. The new standard requires the City to determine if funds are still considered fiduciary, and if so, if they are considered custodial funds under the new definitions of GASB Statement No. 84. Therefore, in conjunction with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the following restatement was required to the beginning net position of the Fiduciary Activities to properly report the custodial funds.

	С	ustodial
		Funds
Net position, as previously reported	\$	-
Adjustment needed to record beginning net position of the agency funds now reported as custodial funds in accordance with		
GASB Statement No. 84		48,361
Net position, as restated	\$	48,361

NOTE 18. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Net investment in capital assets on the government-wide statement of net position as of June 30, 2021, is as follows:

	G	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities				
Cost of capital assets	\$	93,193,502	\$	88,068,669			
Less accumulated depreciation		(39,539,051)		(31,588,456)			
Book value		53,654,451		56,480,213			
Less all capital related debt		(20,841,569)		(22,472,108)			
Add unspent bond proceeds		11,842,501		-			
Add deferred amount on refunding		-		441,627			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	44,655,383	\$	34,449,732			



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION (ASSET) LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

		2021	_	2020		2019	_	2018		2017	_	2016		2015
Total pension liability														
Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and	\$	•	\$	806,458	\$	800,351	\$	829,027	\$	832,499	\$	820,697	\$	829,065
actual experience		66,225		(170,683)		(9,551)		(65,738)		(253,951)		(59,743)		(169,961)
Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(750 500)		219,865		(004 444)		(004.054)		(004.007)		(500,400)		(193,507)
• •		(758,590)		(727,316)		(691,444)		(621,851)		(624,837)		(592,489)		(554,664)
Other		-	_		_	-	_	(132,420)			_		_	-
Net change in total pension liability		108,962		128,324		99,356		9,018		(46,289)		168,465		(89,067)
Total pension liability - beginning		11,244,752		11,116,428		11,017,072		11,008,054		11,054,343		10,885,878		10,974,945
Total pension liability - ending (a)		11,353,714		11,244,752		11,116,428		11,017,072		11,008,054		11,054,343		10,885,878
Plan fiduciary net position														
Contributions - employer	\$	37,472	\$	37,322	\$	37.038	\$	39,896	\$	40,590	\$	100,850	\$	134,631
Net investment income	·	1,163,347	·	354,511	•	1,202,270		1,661,181		1,173,604	·	145,516	·	1,176,223
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(758,590)		(727,316)		(691,444)		(621,851)		(624,837)		(592,489)		(554,664)
Administrative expenses		(35,729)		(35,232)		(38,317)		(41,761)		(25,879)		(30,265)		(24,707)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		406,500		(370,715)		509,547		1,037,465		563,478		(376,388)		731,483
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		12,506,545		12,877,260		12,367,713		11,330,248		10,766,770		11,143,158		10,411,675
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	•	12,913,045	_	12,506,545		12,877,260	_	12,367,713	_	11,330,248	_	10,766,770		11,143,158
City's net pension (asset) liability - ending (a) - (b)	<u> </u>	(1,559,331)	\$	(1,261,793)	\$	(1,760,832)	\$	(1,350,641)	<u> </u>	(322,194)	\$	287,573	\$	(257,280)
5.1, 5 (a. 5.2)	Ť	(1,000,001)	Ě	(1,201,100)	Ť	(1,100,002)	Ť	(1,000,011)	Ť	(022,101)	Ě	20.,0.0	Ť	(201,200)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the to pension liability	tal	113.7%		111.2%		115.8%		112.3%		102.9%		97.4%		102.4%
Covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
City's net pension (asset) liability as a percentage o	f													
covered-employee payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

Notes to the Schedule

The schedule will present ten years of information once it is accumulated.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 37,472	\$ 37,322	\$ 37,038	\$ 39,896	40,590	100,850	117,216
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 37,472	 37,322	 37,038	 39,896	40,590	 100,850	117,216
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	_
Covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Notes to the Schedule

Valuation date
Actuarial cost method
Actuarial asset valuation method

Assumed rate of return on investments
Projected salary increases
Cost of living adjustments
Amortization method
Remaining amortization period

January 1, 2021 Projected unit credit

Sum of actuarial value at the beginning of the year and the cash flows during the year, plus the assumed investment return adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the fair value at the end of the year. The actuarial value is adjusted, if necessary, to be within 20% of market value.

7.375% N/A 2.25%

Closed level dollar for unfunded liability Remaining amortization period varies for the bases, with a net effective amortization period of 15 years.

The schedule will present ten years of information once it is accumulated.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Confiscated Assets Fund – This fund accounts for cash received from the sale of confiscated assets and confiscated assets that are no longer subject to court jurisdiction.

CDBG Fund – This fund accounts for money received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to fund local community development activities.

Creekwood 2019 CDBG Fund – This fund accounts for money received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to fund local community development activities in the Creekwood neighborhood.

2019 CHIP Fund – This fund accounts for money received from the state to provide safe, decent, and affordable housing in Georgia.

COVID-19 Fund – This fund accounts for the money received from the U.S. Department of The Treasury in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

ARPA - This fund accounts for the money received relative to the American Rescue Plan Act.

Municipal Court Technology Fund – This fund accounts for money received as a surcharge of fines to assist with funding purchases and upgrades to technology equipment used in administering Municipal Court functions.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund – This fund accounts for the hotel/motel taxes collected and expenditures related to tourism.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for capital projects of the City that are not required to be reported in a separate fund.

Local Maintenance and Improvement Grant Program ("**LMIG** Program") – This fund accounts for revenues received from the State of Georgia Department of Transportation for road improvements.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds												
	Confiscated Assets			CDBG		Creekwood 2019 CDBG		2019 CHIP		/ID-19		ARPA	
ASSETS													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	136,463	\$	-	\$	100	\$	-	\$	-	\$		
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-		-			
Intergovernmental receivable		-		-		24,848		-		-		376,938	
Prepaid expenditures		-		-		-		-		-			
Due from other funds											_		
Total assets	\$	136,463	\$		\$	24,948	\$	-	\$		\$	376,938	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
LIABILITIES													
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	24,848	\$	-	\$	-	\$	103,272	
Retainage payable		-		-		9,447		-		-		5,865	
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-		-			
Due to other funds						-		-				267,801	
Total liabilities						34,295						376,938	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)													
Non-spendable:													
Prepaid expenditures		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Restricted for:													
Public safety - police services		136,463		-		-		-		-		-	
Culture and beautification		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Capital outlay		-		-		(9,347)		-		-		-	
Unassigned		-						-				-	
Total fund balances (deficits)	_	136,463				(9,347)							
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	136,463	\$	-	\$	24,948	\$	_	\$		\$	376,938	

					 (Capit	al Projects Fu	ınds			
funicipal Court echnology	н	Hotel/Motel Tax		Total	 Capital LMIG Projects Program				Total		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$ 100,513	\$	150,452 134,462	\$	387,528 134,462 401,786	\$ 574,670 - -	\$	-	\$	574,670 - -	\$	962,198 134,462 401,786
 - -		739 -		739	 - -		- 297,671		- 297,671		739 297,671
\$ 100,513	\$	285,653	\$	924,515	\$ 574,670	\$	297,671	\$	872,341	\$	1,796,856
\$ 4,348 - -	\$	98,359 - 9,383 100,586	\$	230,827 15,312 9,383 368,387	\$ - - - 301,689	\$	- - -	\$	- - - 301,689	\$	230,827 15,312 9,383 670,076
4,348		208,328		623,909	301,689		-		301,689		925,598
-		739		739	-		-		-		739
96,165		76,586 -		136,463 76,586 86,818	- - 272,981		297,671		570,652		136,463 76,586 657,470
96,165		77,325		300,606	272,981		297,671		570,652		871,258
\$ 100,513	\$	285,653	\$	924,515	\$ 574,670	\$	297,671	\$	872,341	\$	1,796,856

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

					5	Special Rev	enue/	Funds				
	Confiscated Assets		CDBG		Creekwood 2019 CDBG		2019 CHIP		COVID-19			ARPA
Revenues												
Hotel/motel taxes	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Fines and forfeitures	*	15,534	•	_	*	_	*	_	•	_	•	_
Intergovernmental		-		-		_		_		936,710		376,938
Interest revenue		154		-		-		_		, <u>-</u>		· -
Other revenues		-		121,172		283,334		64,190		-		_
Total revenues		15,688		121,172		283,334		64,190		936,710		376,938
Expenditures												
General government		_		121,172		198,309		73,375		_		_
Public safety		54,783		-		-				_		_
Capital outlay		-		_		94,472		_		_		376,938
Total expenditures		54,783		121,172		292,781		73,375		_		376,938
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over (under) expenditures		(39,095)		<u>-</u>		(9,447)		(9,185)		936,710		
Other financing sources (uses)												
Transfers in		-		_		100		60		_		_
Transfers out		-		(100)		-		-		(936,710)		-
Capital lease		-		-		-		-		-		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(100)		100		60		(936,710)		-
Net change in fund balances		(39,095)		(100)		(9,347)		(9,125)		-		-
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year		175,558		100				9,125				
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$	136,463	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(9,347)	\$		\$		\$	

						Capital P	rojec	t Funds			
Municipal Court Technology	urt Hotel/Motel		Total		Capital Projects		LMIG Program		Total	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds	
\$ -	\$	1,106,887	\$	1,106,887	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,106,887
=		-		15,534		=		=		=	15,534
=		-		1,313,648		=		219,228		219,228	1,532,876
-		181		335		218		225		443	778
78,351				547,047							 547,047
78,351		1,107,068		2,983,451		218		219,453		219,671	 3,203,122
66,445		984,611		1,443,912		_		_		-	1,443,912
-		-		54,783		_		_		_	54,783
=		75,026		546,436		59,758		202,560		262,318	808,754
66,445		1,059,637		2,045,131		59,758	_	202,560		262,318	2,307,449
11,906		47,431		938,320		(59,540)		16,893		(42,647)	 895,673
<u>-</u>		-		160		336,827		_		336,827	336,987
_		(79,182)		(1,015,992)		<u>-</u>		_		-	(1,015,992)
_		30,271		30,271		_		_		_	30,271
		(48,911)		(985,561)	_	336,827				336,827	(648,734)
11,906		(1,480)		(47,241)		277,287		16,893		294,180	246,939
84,259		78,805		347,847		(4,306)		280,778		276,472	 624,319
\$ 96,165	\$	77,325	\$	300,606	\$	272,981	\$	297,671	\$	570,652	\$ 871,258

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CONFISCATED ASSETS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Final udgeted mounts	Actual	Va	riance
REVENUES		 7101441		
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 15,400	\$ 15,534	\$	134
Interest revenue	200	154		(46)
Total revenues	 15,600	15,688		88
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public safety	54,800	54,783		17
Capital outlay	-	-		-
Total expenditures	54,800	 54,783		17
Net change in fund balance	(39,200)	(39,095)		105
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	 175,558	 175,558		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 136,358	\$ 136,463	\$	105

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Fina Budge Amoui	ted	A	ctual	v	/ariance
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 1,	106,800	\$	1,106,887	\$	87
Interest		100		181		81
Total revenues	1,	106,900		1,107,068		168
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	(983,600		984,611		(1,011)
Capital outlay		75,200		75,026		174
Total expenditures	1,(058,800		1,059,637		(837)
Excess of revenues over expenditures		48,100		47,431		(669)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out		(79,100)		(79,182)		(82)
Capital lease		30,200		30,271		71
Total other financing uses, net		(48,900)		(48,911)		(11)
Net change in fund balance		(800)		(1,480)		(680)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		78,805		78,805		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	78,005	\$	77,325	\$	(680)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CHIP SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Fir Budg Amo	eted	ctual V	ariance
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in	\$	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> \$	
Total other financing sources		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Net change in fund balance		-	-	
FUND DEFICIT, beginning of year		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
FUND DEFICIT, end of year	\$	<u>-</u> \$	<u>-</u> \$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COVID-19 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	-	inal dgeted					
		Amounts			Variance		
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	936,700	\$	936,710	\$	10	
Total revenues		936,700		936,710		10	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		-		-		-	
Public safety						_	
Total expenditures		-		-		-	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		936,700		936,710		10	
Other financing uses							
Transfers out		936,700		(936,710)		(1,873,410)	
Total other financing uses		936,700		(936,710)		(1,873,410)	
Net change in fund balance		1,873,400		-		(1,873,400)	
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year				<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	1,873,400	\$	-	\$	(1,873,400)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CDBG SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Final udgeted				
		mounts		Actual		riance
REVENUES			-			
Grants	\$	121,100	\$	121,172	\$	72
Total revenues		121,100		121,172		72
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		121,200		121,172		28
Capital outlay		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		-
Total expenditures		121,200		121,172		28
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(100)		-		100
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out		100		(100)		200
Total other financing uses		100		(100)	-	200
Net change in fund balance		-		(100)		300
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		100		100		-
FUND BALANCES, end of year	<u></u> \$	100	\$	<u>-</u> _	\$	300

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CREEKWOOD 2019 CDBG SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	В	Final udgeted					
		Amounts			Variance		
REVENUES							
Grants	\$	283,300	\$	283,334	\$	34	
Total revenues		283,300		283,334		34	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		198,300		198,309		(9)	
Capital outlay		94,500		94,472		28	
Total expenditures		292,800		292,781		19	
Net change in fund balance		(9,500)		(9,447)		53	
Other financing sources							
Transfers in		100		100		<u>-</u>	
Total other financing sources		100		100			
Net change in fund balance		(9,400)		(9,347)		53	
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		<u> </u>		- _			
FUND BALANCES, end of year	<u></u> \$	(9,400)	\$	(9,347)	\$	53	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL 2019 CHIP SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	В	Final udgeted			
		mounts	 Actual	Va	riance
REVENUES					
Grants	\$	64,100	\$ 64,190	\$	90
Total revenues		64,100	 64,190		90
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		73,400	 73,375		25
Total expenditures		73,400	73,375		25
Net change in fund balance		(9,300)	(9,185)		115
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in		100	60		(40)
Total other financing sources		100	60		(40)
Net change in fund balance		(9,200)	(9,125)		75
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		9,125	 9,125		-
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	(75)	\$ 	\$	75

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MUNICIPAL COURT TECHNOLOGY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Final			
		udgeted			
		mounts	 Actual	Vai	riance
REVENUES					
Grants	\$	78,300	\$ 78,351	\$	51
Total revenues		78,300	 78,351		51
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		66,600	66,445		155
Total expenditures		66,600	 66,445		155
Net change in fund balance		11,700	11,906		206
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		84,259	 84,259		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	95,959	\$ 96,165	\$	206

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ARPA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Final			
	E	Budgeted			
		Amounts	 Actual	Vai	riance
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$	376,900	\$ 376,938	\$	38
Total revenues		376,900	 376,938		38
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Capital outlay		377,200	376,938		262
Total expenditures		377,200	 376,938		262
Net change in fund balance		(300)	-		300
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year			 		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	(300)	\$ -	\$	300

BALANCE SHEET COMPONENT UNIT PERRY INDUSTRIAL BUILDING AUTHORITY JUNE 30, 2021

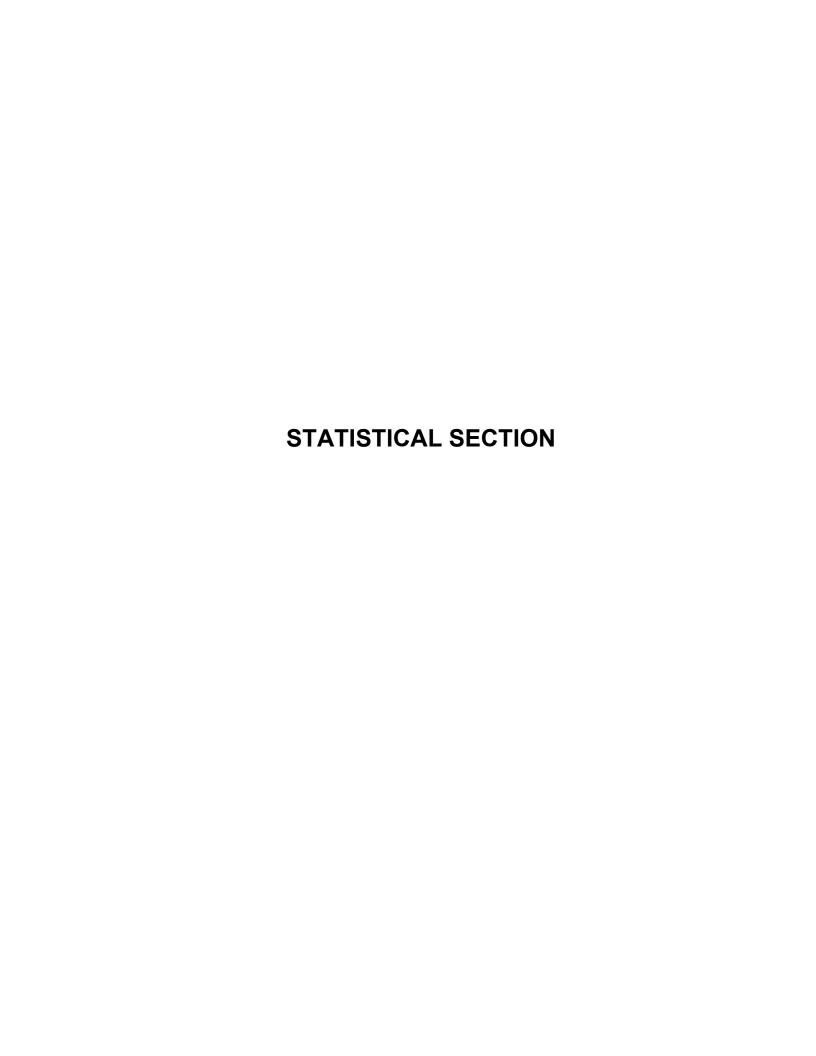
<u>ASSETS</u>		General Fund
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	245,230
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	245,230
FUND BALANCE		
Fund balance: Unassigned	<u>\$</u>	245,230
Total fund balance	\$	245,230

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE COMPONENT UNIT PERRY INDUSTRIAL BUILDING AUTHORITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

REVENUES	 General Fund
Interest earnings	\$ 623
Total revenues	\$ 623
Net change in fund balance	\$ 623
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	 244,607
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 245,230

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF 2018 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original	Current		Ex	penditures	
Project Description	 Estimated Cost	 Estimated Cost	Prior Years		Current Year	Total
Road, Street and Bridge and Sidewalk Projects	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 407,984	\$	194,178	\$ 602,162
Public Safety Facilities and Equipment	621,653	694,191	909,330		7,076	916,406
Water and Sewer System Improvements	2,500,000	2,500,000	5,371		43,367	48,738
Recreational Facilities and Equipment	 1,200,000	 1,200,000	 329,808		435,316	 765,124
	\$ 7,821,653	\$ 7,894,191	\$ 1,652,493	\$	679,937	\$ 2,332,430



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	81 – 88
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's	
financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	89 – 95
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the	
City's ability to generate its property and sales tax.	
Debt Capacity	96 – 99
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the	
City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in	
the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	100 – 103
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader	
understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to	
help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	
Operating Information	104 and 105
These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help	
the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the	
City provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

																				_
						Fisca	ΙYε	ar												
		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Governmental activities																				
Invested in capital assets,																				
net of related debt	\$	43,486,281	\$	46,096,524	\$	45,321,336	\$	46,900,636	\$	47,484,247	\$	48,383,084	\$	48,360,389	\$	47,501,166		46,690,172	\$	44,655,383
Restricted		2,018,810		902,235		432,514		888,137		1,013,179		2,599,658		725,758		566,317		1,820,851		2,669,304
Unrestricted		2,202,263		2,517,519		3,702,452		3,673,551		4,240,487		2,502,945		4,002,653		5,003,684		4,605,845		7,536,899
Total governmental activities																				
net position	\$	47,707,354	\$	49,516,278	\$	49,456,302	\$	51,462,324	\$	52,737,913	\$	53,485,687	\$	53,088,800	\$	53,071,167	\$	53,116,868	\$	54,861,586
Business-type activities																				
Invested in capital assets,	•	07.000.010	•	00 040 700	•	05 000 444	•	00 070 050	•	00 040 504	•	04.454.747	•	00 404 007	•	00 155 001	•	04.004.700	•	04 440 700
net of related debt	\$		\$	22,842,720	\$	25,323,141	\$	28,678,359	\$	30,013,524	\$	31,154,747	\$	32,461,367	\$	33,155,834	\$	- , ,	\$	34,449,732
Restricted		1,705,382		5,881,479		5,136,797		2,641,309		2,380,463		2,119,367		1,749,165		1,762,296		1,788,038		1,789,720
Unrestricted		2,750,048		3,704,445		3,684,043		4,201,969		4,979,274		5,912,564		6,712,987		6,699,211		6,542,636		7,882,878
Total business-type activities	Φ.	24 004 442	Φ	20 400 044	Φ	24 442 004	Φ.	25 524 627	Φ	27 272 204	Φ	20 400 070	Φ.	40 000 540	Φ	44 047 044		40 445 400	Φ.	44 400 000
net position	\$	31,661,442	\$	32,428,644	\$	34,143,981	\$	35,521,637	\$	37,373,261	\$	39,186,678	\$	40,923,519	\$	41,617,341		42,415,400	\$	44,122,330
Primary government																				
Net investment in																				
capital assets	\$	70.692.293	\$	68,939,244	\$	70,644,477	\$	75,578,995	\$	77,497,771	\$	79,537,831	\$	80.821.756	\$	80,657,000	\$	80.774.898	\$	79,105,115
Restricted	Ψ	3,724,192	Ψ	6,783,714	Ψ	5,569,311	Ψ	3,529,446	Ψ	3,393,642	Ψ	4,719,025	Ψ	2,474,923	Ψ	2,328,613	Ψ	3,608,889	Ψ	4,459,024
Unrestricted		4,952,311		6,221,964		7,386,495		7,875,520		9,219,761		8,415,509		10,715,640		11,702,895		11,148,481		15,419,777
Total primary government		7,002,011		0,221,304		1,000,400		1,010,020		5,219,701		0,410,009		10,7 10,040		11,702,030		11,140,401		10,419,111
net position	\$	79.368.796	\$	81.944.922	\$	83,600,283	\$	86,983,961	\$	90.111.174	\$	92.672.365	\$	94.012.319	\$	94,688,508	\$	95.532.268	\$	98,983,916
p	<u> </u>	. 5,550,700	Ψ	0.,011,0LL	Ψ	55,550,E00	Ψ	33,030,001	Ψ	00,,	Ψ	J_,J. L,000	Ψ	0.,0.2,010	Ψ	5 .,550,000	Ψ	00,002,200	Y	00,000,010

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

						Fisca	ΙΥe	ar												
		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Expenses:																				
Governmental activities:																				
General government	\$	5,727,426	\$	5,268,547	\$	5,361,965	\$	4,454,832	\$	5,710,470	\$	4,390,500	\$	6,017,188	\$	7,681,726	\$	8,706,439	\$	9,779,265
Public safety		4,664,379		5,117,980		5,344,131		6,401,412		6,860,961		7,993,308		8,623,099		8,993,169		10,181,579		10,333,290
Public works		3,696,463		4,059,039		3,420,399		3,219,647		2,662,221		3,618,169		3,882,919		2,969,069		2,768,363		3,662,628
Recreation		628,819		591,901		673,069		757,513		671,304		558,570		845,498		1,053,370		800,193		503,166
Health & Welfare		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		4,167		4,483
Housing and Development		98,417		92,998		164,912		133,169		409,351		521,248		565,247		861,386		917,753		618,917
Issuance cost		-		-		-		-		-		109,741		-		183,376		-		270,871
Interest on long-term debt		24,824		18,431		25,337		43,804		43,227		55,486		117,339		234,782		439,063		478,402
Total governmental activities																				
expenses		14,840,328		15,148,896		14,989,813		15,010,377		16,357,534		17,247,022		20,051,290		21,976,878		23,817,557		25,651,022
Business-type activities:																				
Water and sewerage system		5,318,365		5,776,214		5,185,739		5,641,228		5,936,054		6,606,650		6,923,161		7,221,673		7,814,046		8,434,741
Storm Water Utility		-		29,818		110,590		177,743		216,692		449,532		565,824		724,686		687,625		749,552
Gas system		2,553,870		2,993,365		3,368,442		3,386,102		3,004,228		3,634,164		4,078,978		4,581,124		3,999,382		4,877,878
Solid Waste		1,053,980		1,151,240		1,096,567		1,131,538		1,305,430		1,307,216		1,565,354		1,957,833		2,236,356		2,426,980
Revolving Loan Fund		764		2,631		3,117		676		3,177		1,354		1,227		1,127		1,166		50
Total business-type activities				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,								, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,		,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
expense		8,926,979		9,953,268		9,764,455		10,337,287		10,465,581		11,998,916		13,134,544		14,486,443		14,738,575		16,489,201
Total primary government																				
expenses	\$	23,767,307	\$	25,102,164	\$	24,754,268	\$	25,347,664	\$	26,823,115	\$	29,245,938	\$	33,185,834	\$	36,463,321	\$	38,556,132	\$	42,140,223
Program Revenues:	·																			
Governmental activities:																				
Charges for services:																				
General government	\$	3.341.070	\$	3,413,900	\$	2,622,425	\$	2,792,988	\$	2,835,501	\$	3,320,331	\$	4,010,960	\$	4,258,665	\$	4,647,468	\$	5,824,548
Public safety	Ψ	679,303	Ψ	567,396	Ψ	608,906	Ψ	1,681,058	Ψ	2,107,076	Ψ	2,191,225	Ψ	2,331,480	Ψ	2,818,073	Ψ	3,043,762	Ψ	3,147,909
Public works		12,748		-		91,613		39,255		8,126		4,448		2,001,100		2,010,010		169,648		326,796
Recreation		79,323		80,223		274,263		287,624		153,418		145,881		118,344		134,896		69,333		87,156
Housing & Development				-		212,096		258,377		314,989		389,411		413,186		408,043		637,044		827,210
Operating grants and contributions		511,899		250,710		27,094		21,917		67,861		265,745		599,635		800,597		694,193		566,294
Capital grants and contributions		4,330,530		3,587,628		1,475,645		1,937,557		2,000,176		1,645,981		1,912,159		1,844,344		2,204,085		3,337,817
Total governmental activities		1,000,000		3,007,020		1,710,040		1,001,001		2,000,170		1,040,001		1,012,109		1,044,044		2,207,000		3,007,017
program revenues		8,954,873		7,899,857		5,312,042		7,018,776		7,487,147		7,963,022		9,385,764		10,264,618		11,465,533		14,117,730
p 3 10 volidoo		5,001,010		. ,000,001		3,012,072		.,010,110		., 101, 171		.,000,022		3,000,104		. 5,251,510		. 1, 100,000		. 1, 1 11 , 100

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

						Fisca	ΙYε	ar												
		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Business-type activities:																				
Charges for services:																				
Water and sewerage	\$	5,381,152	\$	5,294,439	\$	5,439,779	\$	6,105,689	\$	6,442,304	\$	7,091,789	\$	7,163,929	\$	7,505,989	\$	8,319,862 \$		8,956,098
Stormwater Utility	Ψ	-	Ψ	80,474	Ψ	204,290	٠	265,005	•	268,663	Ψ.	380,181	Ψ.	449,973	•	644,859	•	747,933		810,577
Gas		2,777,812		3,538,054		4,065,207		3,942,241		3,760,224		4,396,057		4,971,143		5,143,331		4,545,374		5,700,271
Solid waste		1,128,539		1,200,899		1,214,302		1,199,863		1,254,919		1,322,934		1,599,622		1,959,648		2,112,528		2,525,357
Revolving Loan fund		1,120,000		1,200,000		1,214,002		1,100,000		1,204,010		1,022,004		1,000,022		1,000,040		2,112,020		2,020,007
Operating grants and																				
contributions		37,462		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Capital grants and contributions		1,500,298		1,000,465		1,152,368		755,661		856,682		347,380		347,380		_		_		_
Total business-type activities		1,000,200		1,000,400		1,102,000		700,001		000,002		047,000		047,000						
program revenues		10,825,263		11,114,331		12,075,946		12,268,459		12,582,792		13,538,341		14,532,047		15,253,827		15,725,697		17,992,303
Total primary government		10,020,200		11,111,001		12,010,010		12,200,100		12,002,702		10,000,011		11,002,011		10,200,021		10,720,007		11,002,000
program revenues	\$	19,780,136	\$	19,014,188	\$	17,387,988	\$	19,287,235	\$	20,069,939	\$	21,501,363	\$	23,917,811	\$	25,518,445	\$	27,191,230 \$	5	32,110,033
Not (Evnance)/Bevenue																				
Net (Expenses)/Revenue Governmental activities	\$	(E 00E 4EE)	¢.	(7,249,039)	¢.	(0.677.771)	¢	(7,991,601)	¢.	(8,870,387)	Φ	(9,284,000)	Φ	(10,665,526)	Φ	(11 710 060)	¢.	(12,352,024) \$. ,	(11,533,292)
	Ф	(5,885,455)	Ф	, ,	Ф	(9,677,771)	Ф	,	Ф	, ,	Ф	,	Ф	,	Ф	,	Ф	, , , ,) (,
Business-type activities		1,898,284		1,161,063		2,311,491		1,931,172		2,117,211		1,539,425		1,397,503		767,384		987,122		1,503,102
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	Ф	(3,987,171)	Ф	(6,087,976)	Ф	(7,366,280)	Ф	(6,060,429)	Φ	(6,753,176)	Ф	(7,744,575)	Ф	(9,268,023)	Ф	(10,944,876)	Φ	(11,364,902) \$		(10,030,190)
(expense)/revenue	Ψ	(3,907,171)	Ψ	(0,007,970)	Ψ	(7,300,200)	Ψ	(0,000,429)	Ψ	(0,733,170)	Ψ	(1,144,313)	Ψ	(9,200,023)	Ψ	(10,944,070)	Ψ	(11,304,902) \$, ((10,030,190)
General Revenue and Other Change	es in	Net Assets																		
Governmental activities:																				
Taxes																				
Property taxes	\$	6,003,452	\$	6,022,167	\$	6,261,530	\$	6,354,007	\$	6,616,806	\$	6,767,309	\$	7,198,490	\$	7,601,113	\$	8,204,588 \$	5	9,267,025
Sales taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Occupational taxes		172,437		186,884		179,117		190,072		183,722		188,133		197,256		201,852		215,472		236,563
Franchise taxes		1,016,175		974,874		1,035,669		1,141,340		1,130,978		1,181,007		1,334,400		1,441,279		1,449,821		1,427,527
Insurance premium taxes		649,107		689,460		713,871		745,918		796,833		860,753		916,829		988,756		1,050,279		1,103,239
Hotel/motel taxes		711,283		723,017		777,462		943,752		831,837		879,193		929,288		966,801		895,601		1,106,887
Alcoholic beverage taxes		257,945		261,496		259,529		262,646		270,422		275,936		285,484		297,110		315,778		333,247
Grants and contributions																				
not restricted		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest revenue		6,067		5,148		5,881		6,840		11,445		23,159		55,376		86,888		58,865		15,673
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-		75,408		15,592		-		-		
Loss on sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-		-		-		(49,320)		-		-		
Transfers		453,611		194,917		258,501		609,607		303,933		(219,124)		(614,755)		110,861		207,321		(218,973)
Total governmental activities		9,270,077		9,057,963		9,491,560		10,254,182		10,145,976		10,031,774		10,268,640		11,694,660		12,397,725		13,271,188

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

						Fiscal Ye	ear												
		2012		2013		2014	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	2020			2021
Business-type activities:																			
Interest revenue	\$	34,158	\$	16,213	\$	30,297 \$	38,901	\$	38,346	\$	54,868	\$	71,963	\$	72,949 \$	18,	258	\$	(14,939)
Transfers		(453,611)		(194,917)		(258,501)	(609,607)		(303,933)		219,124		267,375		(110,861)	(207,	321)		218,973
Total business-type activities		(419,453)		(178,704)		(228,204)	(570,706)		(265,587)		273,992		339,338		(37,912)	(189,	063)		204,034
Total primary government	\$	8,850,624	\$	8,879,259	\$	9,263,356 \$	9,683,476	\$	9,880,389	\$	10,305,766	\$	10,607,978	\$	11,656,748 \$	12,208,	662	\$	13,475,222
Change in Net Assets	•	0.004.000	•	4 000 004	•	(100.044)	0.000.504	•	4 075 500	•		•	(000 007)	•	(47.000)	45	70.4	•	4 707 000
Governmental activities	\$	3,384,622	\$	1,808,924	\$	(186,211) \$	2,262,581	\$, -,	\$	747,774	\$	(396,887)	\$	(17,633) \$	45,	701	\$	1,737,896
Business-type activities		1,478,831		982,359		2,083,287	1,360,466		1,851,624		1,813,417		1,736,841		734,472	798,	059		1,707,136
Total primary government	\$	4,863,453	\$	2,791,283	\$	1,897,076 \$	3,623,047	\$	3,127,213	\$	2,561,191	\$	1,339,954	\$	716,839 \$	843,	760	\$	3,445,032

NOTES: In fiscal year 2009, grants and contributions increased for governmental and business-type activities due to the City's acceptance of donated infrastructure from developers. In fiscal year 2009, the City began reporting sales taxes received from Houston County as intergovernmental revenue.

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Fiscal	ΙΥρ	ar						
	 2012	2013	2014		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Function/Program											-
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$ 4,009,325	\$ 4,066,703	\$ 4,098,070	\$	4,184,892	\$ 4,247,632	\$ 4,716,169	\$ 5,584,433	\$ 6,229,659	\$ 6,114,087	\$ 7,522,557
Public safety	901,757	1,287,121	617,770		1,688,257	2,112,830	2,203,030	2,498,116	2,979,402	3,324,944	4,660,247
Public works	3,822,039	2,403,338	91,613		582,812	609,545	245,697	236,280	226,103	730,503	922,962
Recreation	221,752	142,695	292,493		304,438	202,151	204,383	222,308	252,082	150,988	106,403
Housing & Development	-	-	212,096		258,377	314,989	593,743	844,626	577,339	1,145,001	905,561
Subtotal governmental activities	8,954,873	7,899,857	5,312,042		7,018,776	7,487,147	7,963,022	9,385,763	10,264,585	11,465,523	14,117,730
Business-type activities:											
Water and Sewerage system	6,881,450	6,256,924	6,534,147		6,859,120	7,264,878	7,439,169	7,163,929	7,505,989	8,319,862	8,956,098
Stormwater Utility	-	117,974	204,290		265,005	302,771	380,181	449,973	644,859	747,933	810,577
Gas system	2,780,202	3,538,534	4,123,207		3,944,471	3,760,224	4,396,057	4,971,143	5,148,331	4,545,374	5,700,271
Solid Waste	1,128,539	1,200,899	1,214,302		1,199,863	1,254,919	1,322,934	1,599,622	1,959,648	2,112,528	2,525,357
Revolving Loan Fund	35,072	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Subtotal business-type activities	10,825,263	11,114,331	12,075,946		12,268,459	12,582,792	13,538,341	14,184,667	15,258,827	15,725,697	17,992,303
Total primary government	\$ 19,780,136	\$ 19,014,188	\$ 17,387,988	\$	19,287,235	\$ 20,069,939	\$ 21,501,363	\$ 23,570,430	\$ 25,523,412	\$ 27,191,220	\$ 32,110,033

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

						Fisca	I Ye	ar												
		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
General Fund																				
Reserved	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved		-		-						- -				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-		-
Nonspendable		22,224		22,324		5,626		5,134		4,642		4,150		3,659		533		-		-
Restricted		135,262		127,082		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		429,994		1,013,702		1,559,087		938,672		798,477		496,335		422,170		292,807		52,266		32,579
Unassigned		2,330,679		2,005,129		2,499,916		2,954,387		3,561,400		4,120,667		3,598,289		4,444,325		4,166,314		6,297,198
Total General Fund	\$	2,918,159	\$	3,168,237	\$	4,064,629	\$	3,898,193	\$	4,364,519	\$	4,621,152	\$	4,024,118	\$	4,737,665	\$	4,218,580	\$	6,329,777
All Other Governmental Funds																				
Reserved	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Unreserved:	•		•		•		•		•		·		·		•		•		•	
Special Revenue Funds		-		-		-		-		-		_		_		_		-		
Capital Projects Funds		-		-		-		-		-		_		_		_		-		
Debt Service Fund		-		-		-		-		-		_		_		_		-		
Nonspendable		-		_		-		-		21,317		22,674		18,336		17,597		20,364		23,167
Restricted		1,883,548		775,153		433,789		888,137		1,013,179		2,599,658		2,176,521		7,666,306		6,132,068		2,730,898
Assigned		93,633		122,867		203,309		150,703		171,026		28,389		(264,821)		-		-		
Unassigned		<u> </u>		-		<u>-</u>		(43,480)		(1,514)		254,199		1,090		(2,834)		(96,550)		266,591
Total All Other																				
Governmental Funds	\$	1,977,181	\$	898,020	\$	637,098	\$	995,360	\$	1,204,008	\$	2,904,920	\$	1,931,126	\$	7,681,069	\$	6,055,882	\$	3,020,656

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal	Year						
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$ 5,958,216	\$ 6,059,085 \$	6,246,778	\$ 6,387,352	\$ 6,614,288 \$	6,763,330	\$ 7,213,971	7,594,163	\$ 8,196,636	\$ 9,257,927
Sales taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other taxes	2,806,947	2,835,731	2,965,648	3,283,728	3,213,792	3,385,022	3,663,257	3,895,798	3,926,951	4,207,463
Licenses and permits	248,058	246,401	256,696	333,856	384,886	436,719	505,904	617,810	753,364	952,567
Impact fees	64,273	34,348	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Charges for services	1,497,634	1,980,238	1,876,053	1,900,896	1,803,274	1,792,411	2,295,618	2,357,805	2,728,436	3,591,150
Administrative	493,474	531,459	722,681	804,700	877,878	956,976	922,600	1,089,519	1,283,970	1,689,953
Intergovernmental	2,262,764	3,293,411	1,484,509	1,942,175	2,001,930	1,651,939	1,918,171	1,747,881	2,228,814	3,409,375
Contributions from										
private sources	33,321	23,755	18,230	16,914	65,809	55,307	105,964	119,186	80,654	19,247
Fines and forfeitures	486,462	399,543	546,846	684,626	575,291	450,666	514,540	703,445	760,892	515,761
Fire protection fees	-	-	-	923,271	1,521,243	1,723,349	1,798,761	2,095,664	2,246,595	2,559,072
Investment earnings	7,888	6,583	5,881	7,225	11,743	23,307	55,525	87,031	58,865	15,673
Other revenues	1,315,754	869,530	407,027	411,953	256,538	895,507	1,339,648	1,436,845	1,407,537	1,452,163
Total revenues	15,174,791	16,280,084	14,530,349	16,696,696	17,326,672	18,134,533	20,333,959	21,745,147	23,672,714	27,670,351
Expenditures										
General government	4,703,862	5,325,293	4,789,974	5,036,319	4,340,561	5,407,291	6,927,031	8,115,770	8,381,515	9,523,879
Public Safety	4,598,028	4,842,018	5,271,581	7,394,161	6,850,865	7,335,149	9,294,930	8,267,288	9,179,374	9,619,192
Public Works	3,042,621	2,750,883	2,210,614	2,091,860	2,626,590	2,328,139	1,974,674	2,314,263	2,666,196	2,764,420
Recreation	626,369	457,770	556,432	628,057	789,014	883,515	781,032	823,703	713,066	633,634
Housing & Development	-	-	126,356	92,401	372,986	484,316	541,671	763,123	704,658	464,902
Health & Welfare	-	-			-			-	4,167	4,483
Debt service										
Principal	326,848	436,281	535,743	528,189	455,333	706,123	833,221	852,337	1,055,792	978,380
Interest	25,678	25,461	22,923	43,675	41,616	42,064	117,654	169,452	443,996	480,454
Capital outlay	1,871,249	4,123,862	1,960,218	1,765,356	2,045,997	2,380,051	3,494,122	3,419,698	4,202,303	2,482,145
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	109,741	-	183,376	-	270,871
Total expenditures	15,194,655	17,961,568	15,473,841	17,580,018	17,522,962	19,676,389	23,964,335	24,909,010	27,351,067	27,222,360
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures	(19,864)	(1,681,484)	(943,492)	(883,322)	(196,290)	(1,541,856)	(3,630,376)	(3,163,863)	(3,678,353)	447,991

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fisca	al Y	ear							
	2012	2013	2014		2015	2016	2017	- 2	2018	2019	2020	2021
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Transfers from other funds	\$ 501,294	\$ 325,380 \$	290,901	\$	1,362,669	\$ 401,991	\$ 1,014,934	\$ 2	,324,161	\$ 4,808,116	\$ 4,461,194	\$ 3,404,382
Transfers to other funds	(47,683)	(130,463)	(32,400))	(753,062)	(98,058)	(674,525)	(1	,884,616)	(4,039,282)	(3,449,818)	(2,276,750)
Sale of capital assets	26,390	26,823	11,444		17,464	16,762	14,052		74,919	13,345	35,117	25,065
Capital leases	428,631	630,661	1,182,782		448,077	550,569	751,058	1	,545,084	918,386	407,028	663,699
Issuance of debt	-	-	-		-	-	2,318,472		-	-	-	-
Bond Proceeds	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	8,007,348	-	8,778,786
Miscellaneous	-	-	-		-	-	75,408		-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (Uses)	908,632	852,401	1,452,727		1,075,148	871,264	3,499,399	2	,059,548	9,707,913	1,453,521	10,595,182
Net change in fund balances	\$ 888,768	\$ (829,083) \$	509,235	\$	191,826	\$ 674,974	\$ 1,957,543	\$ (1	,570,828)	\$ 6,544,050	\$ (2,224,832)	\$ 11,043,173
Debt service as a percentage												
of noncapital expenditures	2.65%	3.34%	4.13%		3.62%	3.21%	4.33%	4	.65%	4.75%	6.48%	5.90%

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

				Tax Revenues			
Fiscal Year	General Property	Franchise	Insurance Premium	Occupational	Alcoholic Beverage	Hotel/ Motel	Total
2012	5,958,216	1,016,175	649,107	172,437	257,945	711,283	8,765,163
2013	6,059,085	974,874	689,460	186,884	261,496	723,017	8,894,816
2014	6,246,778	1,035,669	713,871	179,117	259,529	777,462	9,212,426
2015	6,387,352	1,141,340	745,918	190,072	262,646	943,752	9,671,080
2016	6,614,288	1,130,978	796,833	183,722	270,422	831,837	9,828,080
2017	6,763,330	1,181,007	860,753	188,133	275,936	879,193	10,148,352
2018	7,213,971	1,334,400	916,829	197,256	285,484	929,288	10,877,228
2019	7,594,163	1,441,279	988,756	201,852	297,110	966,801	11,489,961
2020	8,196,636	1,449,821	1,050,279	215,472	315,778	895,601	12,123,587
2021	9,257,927	1,427,527	1,103,239	236,563	333,247	1,106,887	13,465,390
Change							
2012-2021	55.4%	40.5%	70.0%	37.2%	29.2%	55.6%	53.6%

Notes:

Property tax increase due to reassessments.

In fiscal year 2009, the City began reporting sales taxes received from Houston County as intergovernmental revenues.

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Real Property	Personal Property	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
2011	350,456,427	76,679,917	18,216,629	408,919,715	13.81	1,067,840,860	38.294%
2012	345,088,679	87,961,380	22,187,782	410,862,277	14.13	1,082,625,148	37.951%
2013	349,547,799	87,818,594	20,882,818	416,483,574	14.13	1,093,415,981	38.090%
2014	339,209,653	87,493,518	18,134,196	408,568,975	14.08	1,066,757,927	38.300%
2015	346,001,684	99,448,161	20,636,156	424,813,689	14.05	1,113,624,613	38.147%
2016	369,841,695	110,332,474	23,898,087	456,276,082	14.05	1,200,435,423	38.009%
2017	383,463,988	89,831,969	24,237,050	449,058,907	14.05	1,183,239,893	37.952%
2018	395,261,996	57,878,998	27,016,313	426,124,681	14.05	1,132,852,485	37.615%
2019	426,737,358	77,881,440	27,307,011	477,311,787	14.05	1,261,546,995	37.835%
2020	468,828,551	84,035,677	34,312,608	518,551,620	14.05	1,382,160,570	37.517%
2021	575,376,275	94,525,109	48,970,062	620,931,322	14.05	1,438,440,688	43.167%

Source:

Based on information obtained from Houston County Tax Assessor's Office.

Notes:

Property in the City is reassessed once every five years on average. The City assesses property at 40 percent of actual value for commercial, industrial and residential property.

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		City Dir	ect Rates				Overlapping Rates	8	
Fiscal Year	Houston Basic Rate	Peach Basic Rate	General Obligation Debt Service	Total Direct Rate	State of Georgia	Houston County	Peach County	Houston County School System	Total
2012	14.13	14.13	0.00	28.26	0.25	9.950	13.555	13.340	37.10
2013	14.13	14.13	0.00	28.26	0.20	9.950	13.555	13.340	37.05
2014	14.08	14.08	0.00	28.16	0.15	9.950	13.555	13.340	37.00
2015	14.05	14.05	0.00	28.10	0.10	11.130	14.555	13.340	39.13
2016	14.05	14.05	0.00	28.10	0.05	11.130	14.555	13.340	39.08
2017	14.05	11.972	0.00	26.02	0.00	11.130	14.555	13.340	39.03
2018	14.05	12.86	0.00	26.91	0.00	11.112	14.616	13.320	39.05
2019	14.05	12.84	0.00	26.89	0.00	11.112	14.546	13.297	38.96
2020	14.05	12.55	0.00	26.60	0.00	11.112	14.473	13.297	38.88
2021	14.05	12.53	0.00	26.58	0.00	11.112	14.403	13.297	38.81

Source: Houston County Tax Commissioner's Office

Notes: The City's basic property tax rate is established by the City Council each year in July.

The overlapping rates are those of State and County governments that apply to property owners within the City

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2012			2021	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation
Graphic Packaging, Inc	\$ 17,214,059	1	4.19%	\$ 32,726,322	1	5.77%
Houston Lake Apartments, LLC	7,864,560	2	1.91%			
American Real Estate Investments	6,819,080	3	1.66%			
Reeves Construction Company	4,646,324	4	1.13%			
Georgia Power Company	3,889,375	5	0.95%	6,554,732	5	1.16%
Tolleson Lumber Co	3,550,246	6	0.86%			
Advanced Drainage Systems, Inc	3,479,676	7	0.85%	3,759,550	8	0.66%
TSC Apparel	3,266,527	8	0.80%	3,242,747	10	0.57%
Windstream Georgia Communications	3,168,159	9	0.77%			
Galileo Apollo IV Sub LLC	3,018,203	10	0.73%			
Guardian Centers of Georgia				13,289,613	2	2.34%
MFG Houston Lake Owner LLC				10,620,000	3	1.87%
Interfor				10,091,962	4	1.78%
Edgar Hughston Builder Inc				4,626,840	7	0.82%
Development Authority of Houston County				5,123,880	6	0.90%
Valley Drive Development LLC	 			 3,547,160	9	0.63%
Total	\$ 56,916,209		13.44%	\$ 93,582,806		16.50%

Source: Based on information obtained from the Houston County Tax Assessor's Office.

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Та	xes Levied	Collected within of the l		Co	llections	Total Collectio	ns to Date
Year	F	for the iscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy		ubsequent Years	 Amount	Percentage of Levy
2012	\$	5,886,680	\$ 5,736,280	97.45%	\$	11,427	\$ 5,747,707	97.64%
2013		5,965,028	5,814,628	97.48%		114,053	5,928,681	99.39%
2014		5,853,182	5,779,232	98.74%		65,216	5,844,448	99.85%
2015		6,193,700	6,110,863	98.66%		77,951	6,188,814	99.92%
2016		6,410,681	6,276,920	97.91%		101,595	6,378,515	99.50%
2017		6,510,552	6,267,662	96.27%		66,692	6,334,354	97.29%
2018		6,366,998	6,271,905	98.51%		50,628	6,322,533	99.30%
2019		7,220,244	7,137,432	98.85%		66,864	7,204,296	99.78%
2020		7,401,534	7,394,091	99.90%		3,466	7,397,557	99.95%
2021		7,954,007	7,913,381	99.49%		126	7,913,507	99.49%

Source: Based on information obtained from the Houston County Tax Assessors' Office.

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2012	2013		2014	 2015	 2016	2017	2018	 2019	;	2020		2021
Food/Bar	\$ 3,845,547	\$ 4,001,399	\$	4,177,376	\$ 4,637,901	\$ 4,941,841	\$ 5,062,192	\$ 5,001,529	\$ 4,259,823	\$ 5	,347,526	\$	6,102,551
Apparel	-	-		-	-	-	-	-					
General Merchandise	3,672,160	3,674,175		3,659,551	3,749,988	3,814,977	3,767,279	3,898,148	3,479,756	4	,641,157		6,622,412
Accommodations	282,642	262,637		238,501	279,316	297,867	313,962	340,868	328,563		339,490		331,605
Automotive	2,839,526	2,385,052		500,137	501,373	529,188	531,451	618,493	591,329		725,649		916,793
Home	-	-		-	-	-	-	-					
Home Furnishings	1,641,700	1,556,730		1,711,997	1,708,876	1,798,748	1,922,418	2,078,173	1,864,698	2	,448,606		2,956,877
Lumber	-	-		-	-	-	-	-					
Construction	47,097	97,736		108,684	148,069	129,106	128,686	121,998	98,125		185,159		254,217
Miscellaneous Service	1,327,266	1,367,688		1,453,489	1,505,708	1,501,110	1,524,966	1,539,413	1,428,816	1	,754,942		1,939,765
Manufacturers	1,220,506	968,689		969,150	1,170,967	1,125,410	1,098,741	1,108,738	1,053,414	1	,526,396		1,561,074
Utilities	1,867,826	1,848,610		1,894,010	2,079,355	1,885,208	1,832,618	2,199,104	1,752,819	1	,995,416		2,088,740
Wholesale	1,967,526	2,083,892		2,188,118	2,316,101	2,228,598	2,014,592	2,298,952	2,665,499	3	,110,093		2,607,343
Miscellaneous											-		
Other-Retail	 3,603,710	 3,900,181		3,942,872	 3,825,100	 4,034,164	 4,056,649	4,752,635	 4,147,579	5	,639,745		5,486,403
Total	\$ 22,315,505	\$ 22,146,787	\$ 2	20,843,885	\$ 21,922,754	\$ 22,286,217	\$ 22,253,554	\$ 23,958,051	\$ 21,670,421	\$ 27	,714,179	\$ 3	0,867,781

Source: Georgia Dept of Revenue, Local Government Services Division

Notes: Since the City of Perry does not have sales tax, all sales tax reported to the Georgia Department of Revenue is accumulated by commodity as Houston County. The above numbers are taken from commodity reports issued by the Georgia Department of Revenue for Houston County and represents the county as a whole.

Category reporting format changed in May 2010.

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	Houston County
2012	0.00%	7.00%
2013	0.00%	7.00%
2014	0.00%	7.00%
2015	0.00%	7.00%
2016	0.00%	7.00%
2017	0.00%	7.00%
2018	0.00%	7.00%
2019	0.00%	7.00%
2020	0.00%	7.00%
2021	0.00%	7.00%

Source: Local sales tax is imposed countywide (Houston County).

Notes: In 2001 the citizens voted to imposed a 1% SPLOST. A portion of this 1% is shared by all the cities in Houston County.

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		G	Government	al A	activities			В	usin	ess-type Activiti	es					
Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds		ertificates of erticipation		Capital Leases	Note Payable	w	/ater/Sewer Revenue Bonds		Water/Sewer Georgia evolving Loan		Capital Leases	_ G	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ¹	Per Capita ¹
2011	\$ -	\$	_	\$	559,562	\$ 400,000	\$	15,570,000	\$	599,786	\$	2,558,923	\$	19,688,271	2.13%	705
2012	\$ -	\$	-	\$	761,345	\$ 300,000	\$	15,160,000	\$	515,529	\$	2,232,374	\$	18,969,248	2.24%	749
2013	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,055,725	\$ 200,000	\$	15,124,000	\$	427,951	\$	2,172,918	\$	18,980,594	2.49%	862
2014	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,802,764	\$ 100,000	\$	14,754,000	\$	336,921	\$	1,904,683	\$	18,898,368	2.50%	925
2015	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,822,652	\$ -	\$	14,215,000	\$	242,300	\$	1,452,898	\$	17,732,850	2.88%	615
2016	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,917,888	\$ -	\$	13,660,000	\$	184,219	\$	1,266,636	\$	17,028,743	3.20%	902
2017	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,962,823	\$ -	\$	12,579,000	\$	-	\$	585,458	\$	15,127,281	3.67%	1,050
2018	\$ 2,229,505	\$	-	\$	2,759,686	\$ -	\$	13,090,363	\$	549,636	\$	493,289	\$	19,122,479	3.01%	861
2019	\$ 10,147,027	\$	-	\$	2,910,735	\$ -	\$	12,400,130	\$	2,812,362	\$	510,993	\$	28,781,247	2.14%	636
2020	\$ 9,952,201	\$	-	\$	2,451,971	\$ -	\$	11,674,544	\$	9,508,118	\$	555,508	\$	34,142,342	1.89%	563
2021	\$ 18,514,279	\$	-	\$	2,327,290	\$ -	\$	10,937,367	\$	10,897,797	\$	636,944	\$	43,313,677	2.22%	1,033

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

¹See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 102 for personal income and population data.

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

	Category of Debt	Amount of Outstanding Debt	Percentage Applicable to Government
Direct			
Revenue Bonds		\$ 18,514,279	
Capital Leases		2,327,290	
Total Direct Debt		20,841,569	
Overlapping ¹			
Capital Leases		-	0%
General Obligation Debt		18,555,000	0%
Total Overlapping Debt		18,555,000	0%
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt		\$ 39,396,569	

¹ Houston County Board of Education^{; Data available as of 6/30/2020}

The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is calculated by taking the share of each individual project that Perry participates in and multiplying that share percentage by the total principal outstanding in each project.

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fisca	l Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Net Assessed Value	\$ 416,633,952	\$ 422,152,830	\$ 415,489,773	\$ 440,832,739	\$ 456,276,082	\$ 463,384,449	\$ 453,090,995	\$ 477,311,788	\$ 527,099,393	\$ 620,931,322
Debt Limit-10% of Assessed Value	41,663,395	42,215,283	41,548,977	44,083,274	45,627,608	46,338,445	45,309,100	47,731,179	52,709,939	62,093,132
Debt Applicable to Debt Limit: General obligation bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net debt applicable to limit										
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 41,663,395	\$ 42,215,283	\$ 41,548,977	\$ 44,083,274	\$ 45,627,608	\$ 46,338,445	\$ 45,309,100	\$ 47,731,179	\$ 52,709,939	\$ 62,093,132
Legal debt margin as a percentage of the debt limit	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Water and Sewerage System Revenue Bonds

	Gross	Less: Operating	Net Available		Debt Service		
Year	Revenue	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2012	\$ 5,381,152	\$ 3,383,602	\$ 1,997,550	\$ 410,000	\$ 655,250	\$ 1,065,250	1.88
2013	5,294,439	3,674,954	1,619,485	425,000	637,737	1,062,737	1.52
2014	5,439,779	3,562,569	1,877,210	370,000	487,207	857,207	2.19
2015	6,105,689	3,985,770	2,119,919	539,000	489,210	1,028,210	2.06
2016	6,442,304	4,338,065	2,104,239	555,000	538,638	1,093,638	1.92
2017	7,078,789	4,769,060	2,309,729	521,000	365,403	886,403	2.61
2018	7,069,936	4,919,798	2,150,138	575,000	393,994	968,994	2.22
2019	7,556,208	5,263,404	2,292,804	615,000	376,170	991,170	2.31
2020	8,355,308	5,809,143	2,546,165	627,000	364,191	991,191	2.57
2021	8,962,203	6,402,274	2,559,929	639,000	351,986	990,986	2.58

Notes:

Gross revenue equals operating and non-operating revenues of the Water and Sewerage System. Operating expenses do not include bond interest, depreciation or amortization expenses.

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year			ncome nts expressed	Per Capita Personal Income ^{2, 3,7,8}		Median Age ^{3, 5}	School Enrollment ⁶	Unemployment Rate ^{3, 4}
2012	14,516	\$	424,202	\$	33,505	34.6	27,435	8.0%
2013	14,786		499,043		34,674	37.2	27,610	8.3%
2014	15,094		479,453		37,042	32.4	27,948	7.3%
2015	15,610		511,521		21,306	32.8	28,146	6.4%
2016	16,361		545,580		28,148	37.3	27,530	5.6%
2017	16,764		555,571		28,596	38.0	29,490	5.0%
2018	17,741		575,701		20,369	31.8	28,348	4.3%
2019	18,654		614,842		29,791	38.6	29,770	3.9%
2020	19,929		645,298		31,370	38.7	30,221	6.2%
2021	20,624		960,254		46,579	34.6	30,221	3.9%

Note: Personal income information is a total for the year

Per 2020 Census and the City's estimate

Middle Georgia Regional Commission

Information available at the county level only (Houston County)

Data obtained from Georgia Department of Labor

Estimate per census taken every 10 years

Houston County Board of Education

BEA Regional Economic Analysis
 2013 data provided for the City of Perry

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

2012 Employers¹

Department of Defense
Frito-Lay Inc
Houston County
Houston County School System
Houston Hospitals, Inc.
Perdue Farms Incorporated
Robins AFB-P
The Kroger Company
Wal-Mart Southeast Division
City of Warner Robins

Source: ¹Georgia Department of Labor; ²City of Perry - Tax & License

Notes: Employers are listed in alphabetical order only, and are not ranked in any way.

Number of employees cannot be listed due to privacy issues.

Information available at county level only (Houston County) for 2012.

2021 Employers²

Graphic Packagin International Inc.
Summerhill Elderliving Home
Wal-Mart Stores East, LP
Inferfor US Inc.
Publix Super Markets Inc #1233
Cracker Barrel Old Country Store Inc.
Southern Home Care Sevices
Advanced Drainage Systems Inc.
Mid State Automotive II Inc
Gilmer Warehouse & Logistics

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

			Fiscal	Year						
Function/Program	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General Government										
City Manager	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	5
Municipal Court	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	3
Administrative										
Finance	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	8
Human Resources	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Information Technology	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Buildildg. Maintenance	4.5	3	4	4	4	4	4.5	5.5	3	4
Community Development	5	5	5	5	5	6	7	9	8	10
Economic Development	1	1.5	2	2	2	2.5	3.5	4	3	3
City Attorney	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Public Safety										
Police										
Officers	35	35	35	35.5	38	42	44	46	42.5	46.5
Civilians	6	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	7.5	8	8	10.5	8.5
Fire Department										
Firefighters	20	20	24	45	45	45	45	45	48	50.5
Civilians	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works Department	15	14	14	14	14	17	17	18	24	23
Recreation Department	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8.5	7.5

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

			Fiscal							
Function/Program	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Water Department										
Water Treatment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Water Administrative	3.5	4	4	4	4	4	5	3	5	5
Line Maintenance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sewer Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Solid Waste	7	7	6	7	7	7	9	8	8	9
Gas	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	114	113	117.5	140	142.5	153	161	168.5	177.5	188

Source: Payroll records.

Notes: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave).

Full-time equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080.

November 2008 Line Maintenance contracted out to ESG.

November 2011 Gas Operations contracted out ot ESG.

June 26, 2012 Meter Readers contracted out to ESG.

In 2012, the city created an economic development department.

Municipal Court previously included with public safety

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Function/Program General Government Building permits issued-commercial Building permits issued-residential Police Physical arrests Parking violations Traffic violations Fire Emergency responses Fires extinguished Public Works 2.31 Streets resurfaced (miles) 2.4 2.11 2.31 1.68 1.83 3.59 3.24 1.99 1.3 Water Service connections Water main breaks Average daily consumption (million gallons) 2.02 1.8 1.92 2.04 2.13 1.84 1.99 1.97 1.71 1.77 Wastewater Average daily sewage treatment (million gallons) 1.748 2.1 2.946 2.28 2.3 1.81 1.6 2.44 2.988 2.79 Service Connections Gas System Service Connections Average daily consumption (MCF)

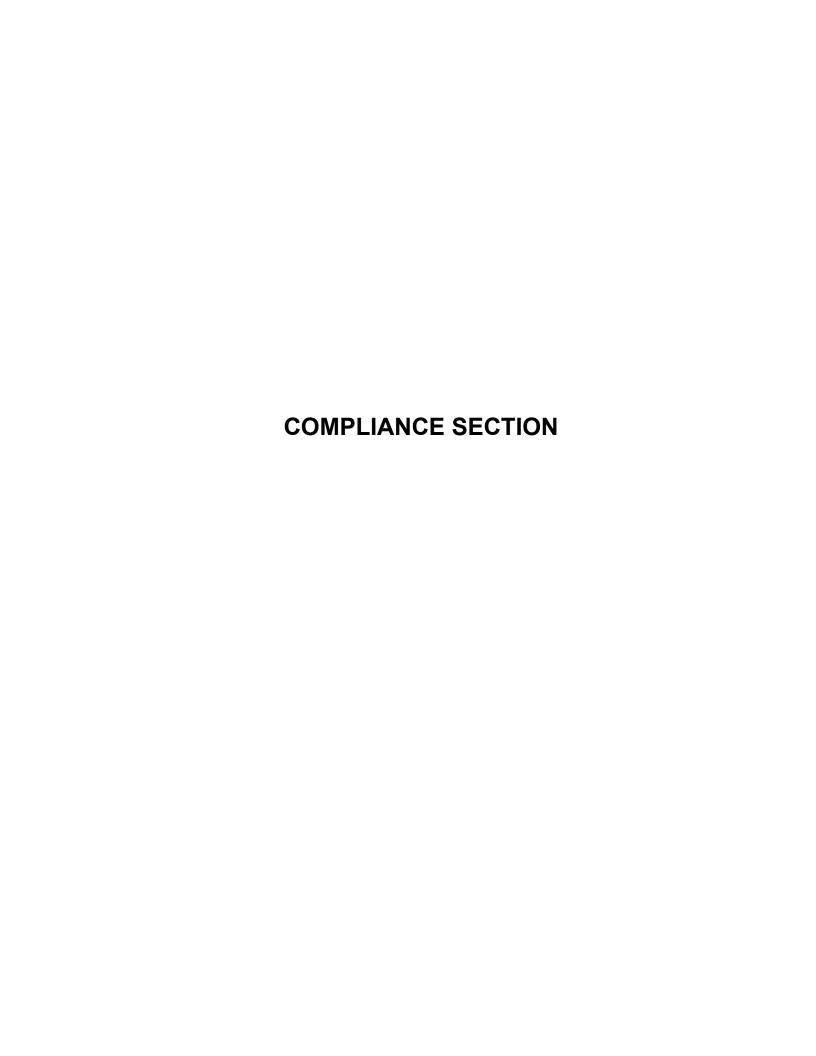
Source: Various City departments.

Note: The 2010 number of water and wastewater connections has been restated.

CITY OF PERRY, GEORGIA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Fiscal Year						
Function/Program	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol cars	28	41	39	29	36	28	30	37	40	39
Fire										
Stations	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Trucks	4	4	4	4	4	4	6	6	6	6
Fire hydrants	923	923	950	950	964	978	989	998	1075	1300
Recreation										
Community Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks	15	17	18	23	23	23	23	26	26	26
Park Acreage	97.14	99.81	100.4	124.53	124.53	124.53	124.53	188.76	188.22	188.22
Swimming Pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
Tennis Courts	8	8	4	4	2	2	2	4	4	4
Public Works										
Streets (miles)	207.6	207.8	208.79	208.79	210.38	210.69	166.79	167.35	167.35	168.09
Sidewalks (miles)	34.55	34.55	34.55	34.55	37.73	37.73	38.06	40.47	40.468	40.468
Number of Streets	438	439	444	444	448	449	470	472	472	477
Number of Streets Lights	2298	2301	2328	2344	2370	2374	2382	2393	2400	2418
Water										
Miles of Water Mains	151.22	151.22	151.22	152.43	161	163	164.1	164.61	165.13	166.56
Water tanks	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Storage capacity (million gallons)	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	2.575	3.125
Wastewater										
Miles of Sewers	106	106.5	106.5	107.72	123	125	126	126.55	126.55	127.5
Treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Treatment capacity (million gal)	3.8	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3	3	3	3
Gas System										
Miles of Gas Lines	81.1	81.1	81.4	81.4	84.1	73.3	73.3	73.3	73.55	84

Source: Various City departments.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council The City of Perry, Georgia Perry, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregately discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Perry, Georgia (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 30, 2021. This report does not include the results of our testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that have been reported in the - not separately issued financial statements and reports of the discretely presented component units, the Perry Area Convention and Visitors Bureau (the "Visitors Bureau") and the Perry Downtown Development Authority (the "Development Authority").

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia December 30, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council The City of Perry, Georgia Perry, Georgia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Perry, Georgia's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the City's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia December 30, 2021

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/	Federal Assistance Listing			Federal	
Pass-Through Program Title	Number	Grant ID Number	Expenditures		
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency					
Direct Awards					
Brownfield Grant	66.818	BF000D71518	\$	98,009	
Passed through Georgia Environmental Finance Authority					
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State					
Revolving Loan Funds	66.468	DW2017006		1,541,727	
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				1,639,736	
U.S. Department of the Treasury					
Direct Awards					
Equitable Sharing	21.016	15-6400-5-5-123		5,000	
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	21.027	GA0005122		376,938	
Passed through Georgia Governor's Office of Planning					
and Budget					
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	14624-CRF	-	936,710	
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury				1,318,648	
U.S. Department of Justice					
Direct Awards					
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	2018BUBX18095129		786	
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	2020BUBX20022065		3,138	
Total U.S. Department of Justice				3,924	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development					
Passed through Georgia Department of Community Affairs					
Community Development Block Grant Program	14.228	20h-x-076-2-6154		121,172	
Community Development Block Grant Program	14.228	19b-x-076-2-6085		292,781	
Community Development Block Grant Program	14.228	2019-112		73,375	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				487,328	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	3,449,636	

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Perry, Georgia (the "City") and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR part 200, OMB's *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2. DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The City did not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

NOTE 3. SUBRECIPIENTS

The City did not pass through any funds to subrecipients during the year ended June 30, 2021.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered	
to be material weaknesses?	Yes X None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes _ <u>X_</u> No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs: Material weaknesses identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
	<u> </u>
Significant deficiencies identified not considered	Vac. V Nana Danastad
to be material weaknesses?	Yes _X_None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for	
major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to	
be reported in accordance with 2 CFR part 200?	YesX_ No
dentification of major program:	
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
66.468	Environmental Protection Agency
	Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Funds
	U.S Department of the Treasury
21.019	COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	
Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes X No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

None reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

2020 - 001. General Accounting Matters/Close-Out Procedures

Criteria: Internal control is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of an entity's objectives with regard to the reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Internal control is also a process of safeguarding assets against unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition, and includes controls related to financial reporting and operations objectives. Generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") require assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures to be recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable (and available). Further, a fundamental principle in accounting and financial reporting is the notion of timely recognition and recording of financial and non-financial transactions and activities.

Condition: Significant adjustments were determined and required to be recorded in the months that followed June 30, 2020. Further, and throughout the course of the audit process, we noted there was an overall lack of proper and adequate accounting on a timely basis during the fiscal year 2020. We noted deficiencies in timeliness, completeness, and accuracy. Specifically, we noted a lack of timely and accurate financial and non-financial information needed:

- to properly maintain general ledgers, subsidiary ledgers, and
- to properly maintain capital asset details and the related activity.

Specifically, we noted several of the City's beginning fund balance balances did not agree to the prior year audited ending fund balance balances. Also, we noted the City's capital assets were not properly maintained to capture all such activity during the year.

Auditee Response/Status: Resolved